

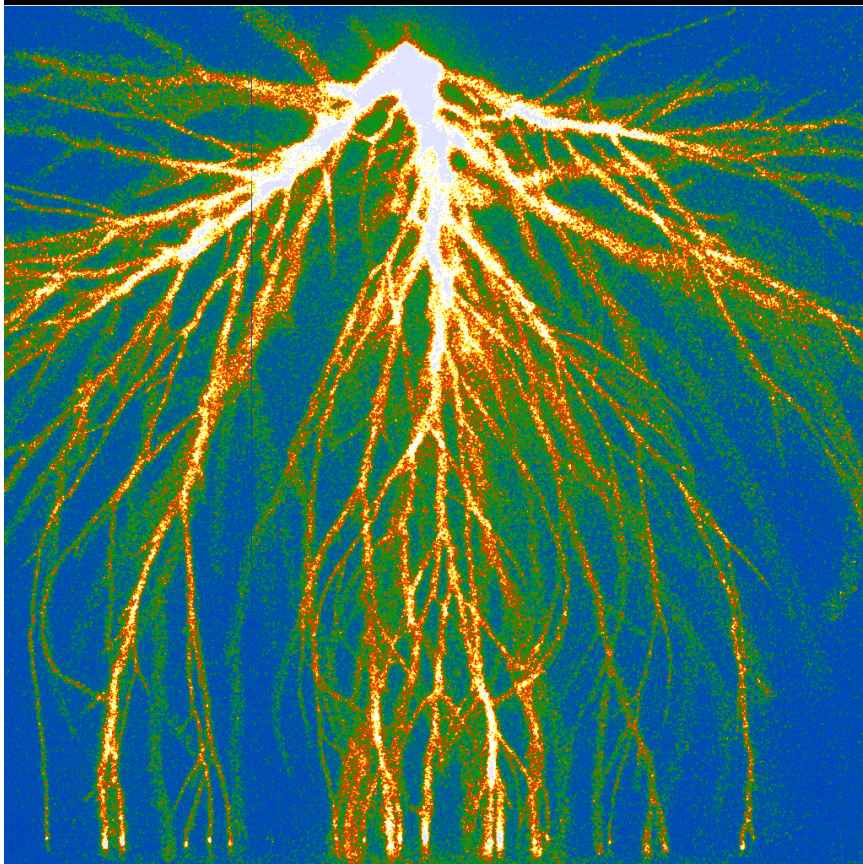
The multiple scales of lightning and a moving boundary problem

Ute Ebert^{1,2}

¹ CWI (Centrum voor Wiskunde en Informatica)
Amsterdam, The Netherlands

² Eindhoven Univ. Tech., The Netherlands

www.cwi.nl/~ebert



The multiple scales of lightning and a moving boundary problem

Ute Ebert^{1,2}

Theory:

¹ CWI Amsterdam (0.8)

Willem Hundsdorfer (staff)

Manuel Arrayas

Fabian Brau

Wouter Brok

Chao Li

Alejandro Luque

Bernard Meulenbroek

Carolynne Montijn

Margreet Nool

Valeria Ratushnaya

Andrea Rocco

Gideon Wormeester

and

Benny Davidovitch (U Mass)

Gianne Derks (Surrey, UK)

Chiu-Yen Kao (Ohio)

Sergey Pancheshnyi (Toulouse)

Wim van Saarloos (Leiden)

Lothar Schäfer (Essen-Duisburg)

Davis Sentman (Fairbanks, Alaska)

Saleh Tanveer (Ohio)

Yoav Yair (Tel Aviv)

Experiment:

² Eindhoven Univ. Tech. (0.2)

Eddie van Veldhuizen (staff)

Tanja Briels

Sander Nijdam

Hans Winands

Vuong Nguyen

van Deursen (staff)

Le

+ many collaborations
in applied physics and
electrical engineering

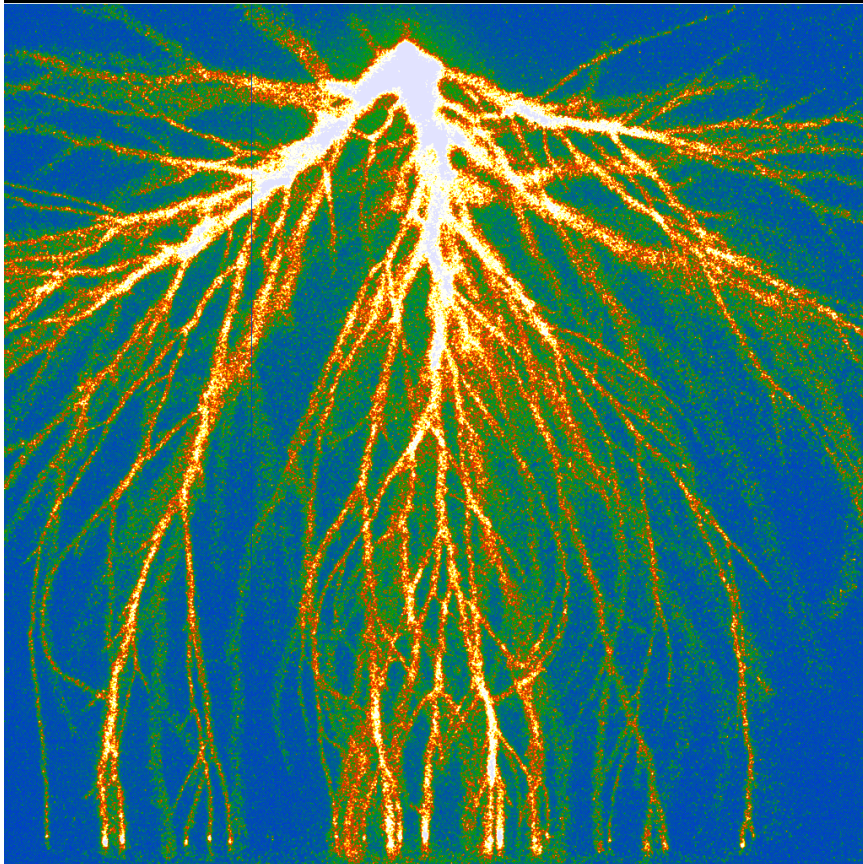
The multiple scales of lightning and a moving boundary problem

Observations/Experiments

Multiscale simulations

Boundary approximation

Results boundary problem



CHAPMAN CONFERENCE ON THE EFFECTS OF THUNDERSTORMS AND LIGHTNING IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE

PENN STATE UNIVERSITY, STATE COLLEGE, PA, USA
MAY 10-14, 2009



TOPICS:

- OBSERVATIONS OF TRANSIENT LUMINOUS EVENTS
- THEORY OF TRANSIENT LUMINOUS EVENTS
- ELF/VLF EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING AND TRANSIENT LUMINOUS EVENTS
- ENERGETIC RADIATION FROM LIGHTNING AND TERRESTRIAL GAMMA RAY FLASHES



40 km

IMAGE COURTESY OF HANS STENBAEK-NIELSEN

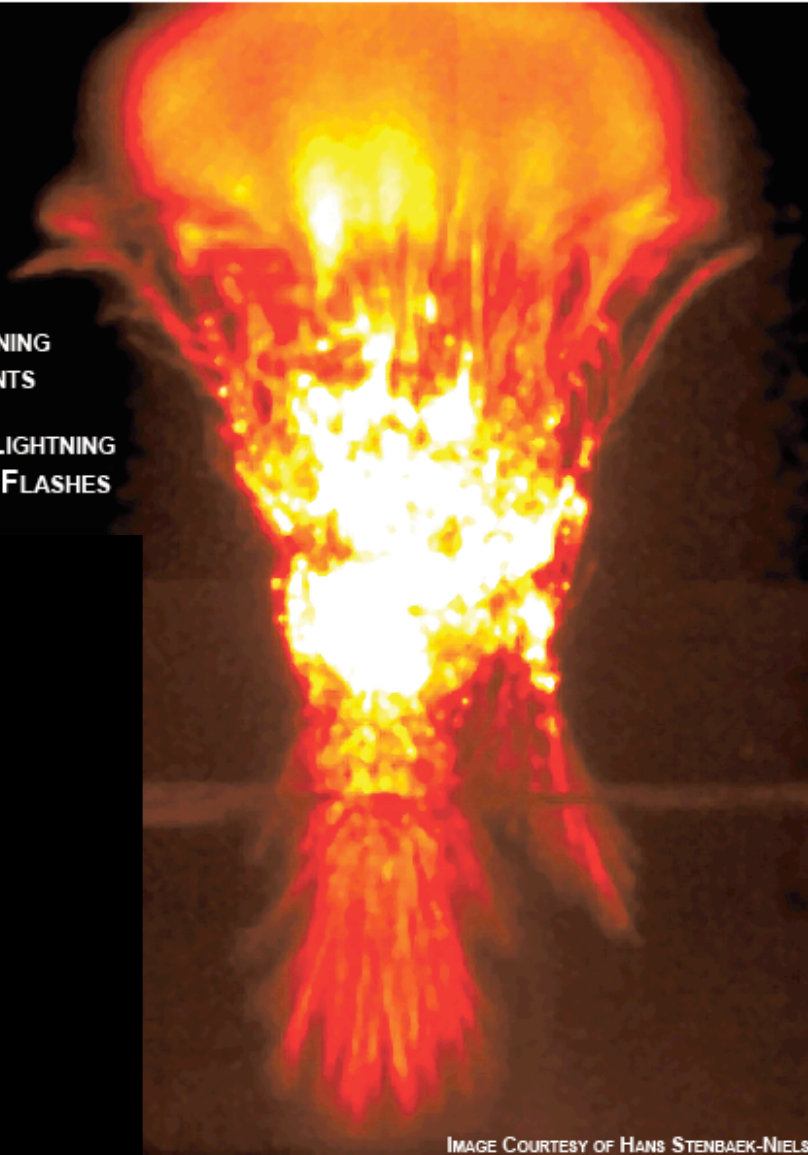
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**Transient
luminous
events**

40 km

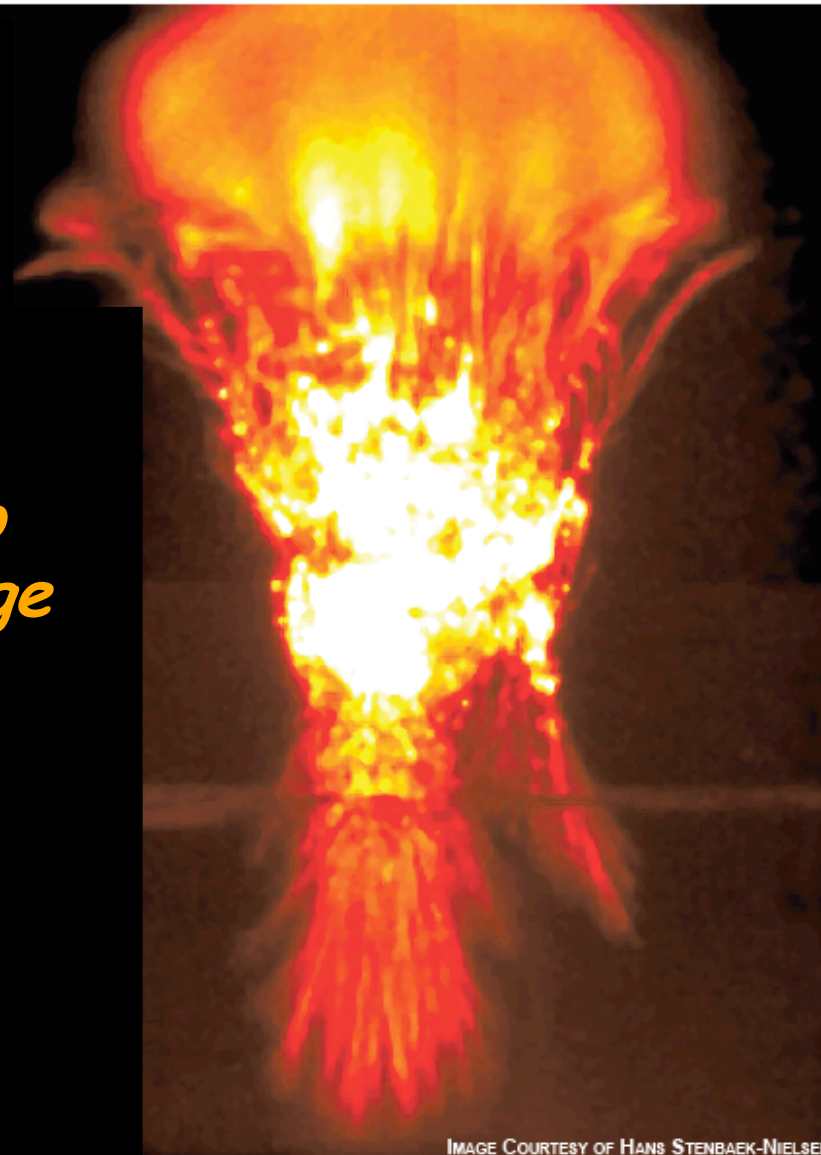
**Terrestrial
Gamma-Ray
Flashes**

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AND LIGHTNING IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE

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*Challenge:
Relate
lightning to
gas discharge
physics!*



**Transient
luminous
events**

40 km

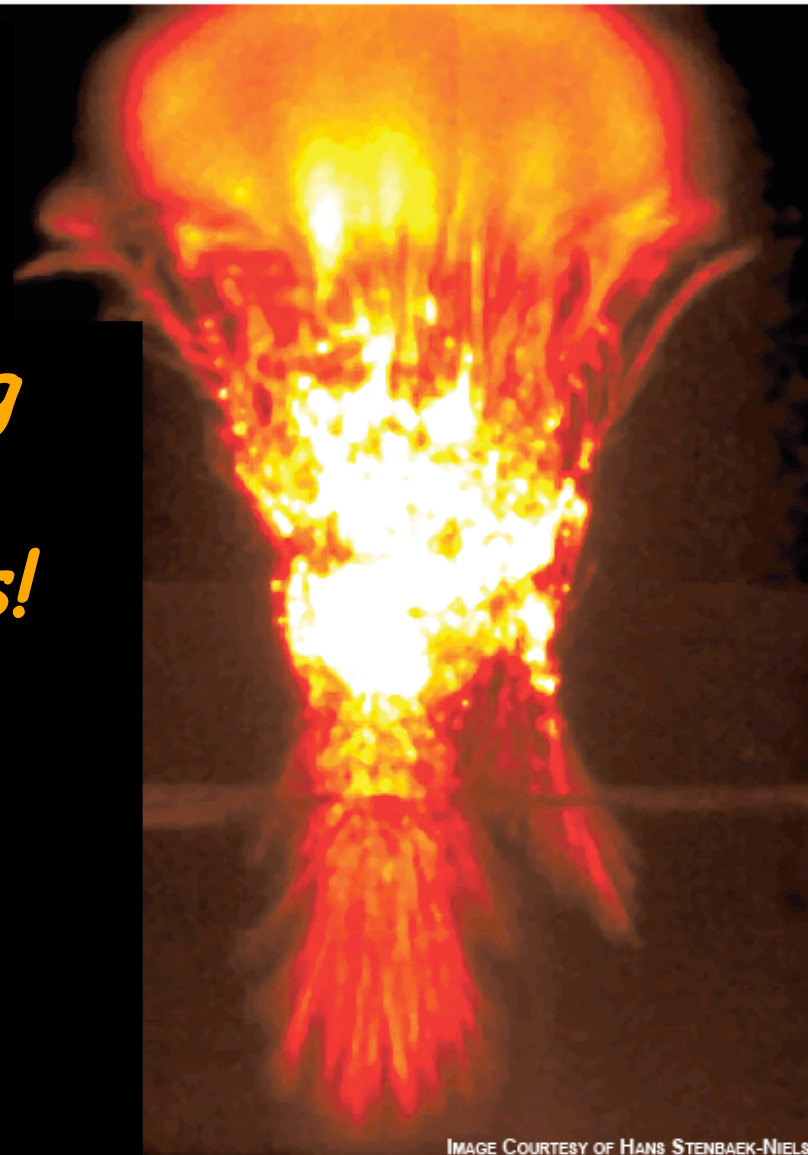
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*Nothing
but
fingers!*



**Transient
luminous
events**

40 km

**Terrestrial
Gamma-Ray
Flashes**

IMAGE COURTESY OF HANS STENBAEK-NIELSEN

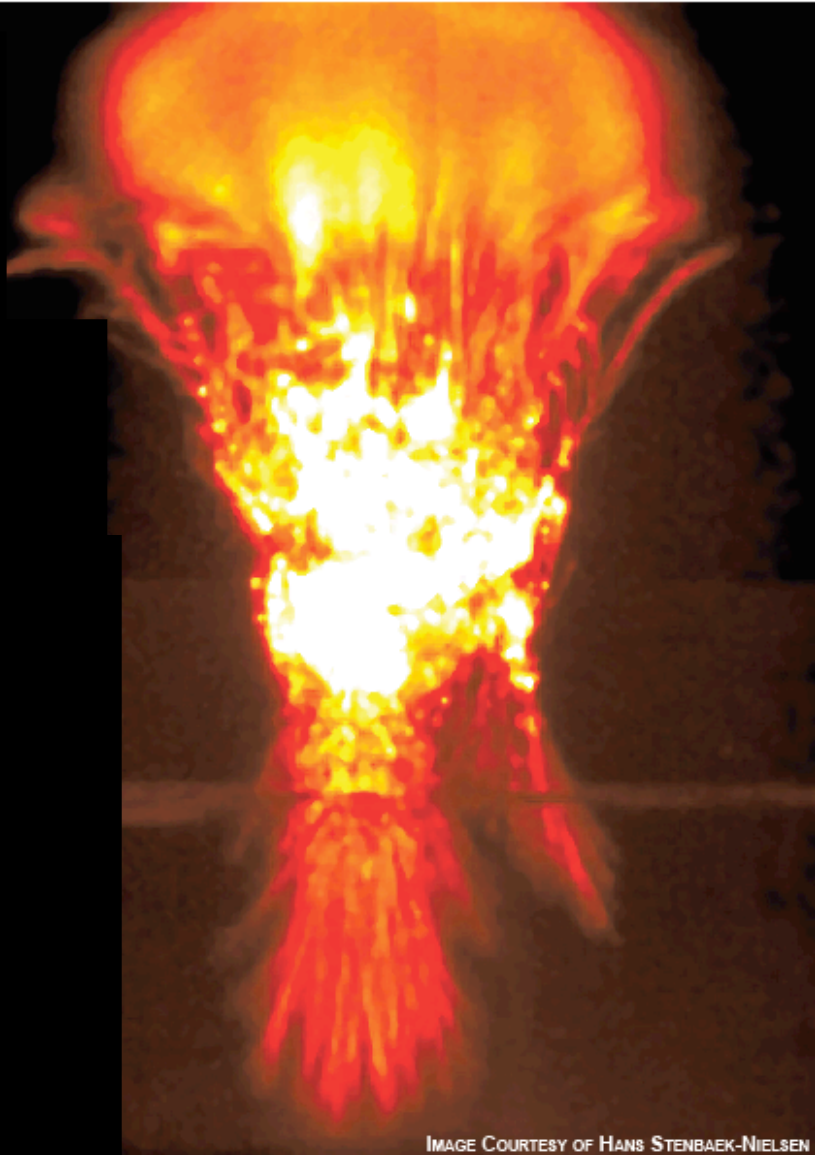
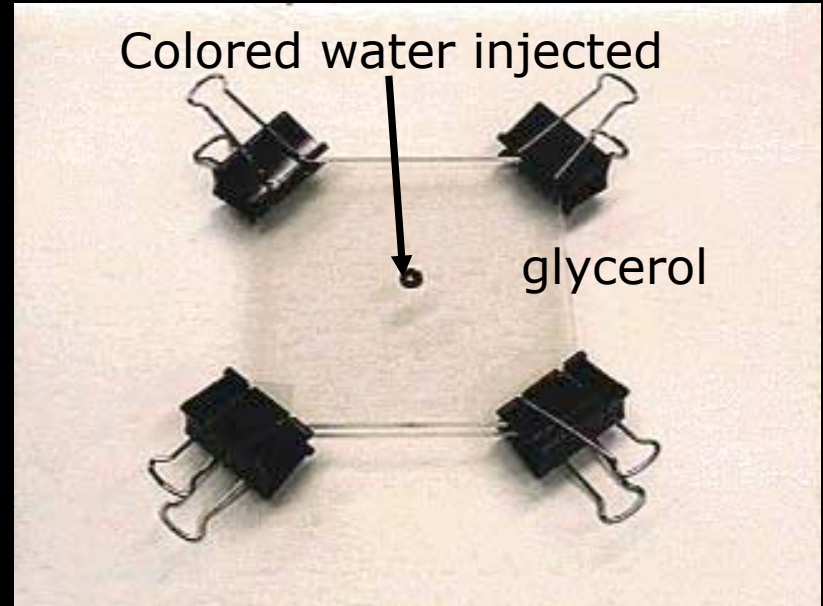
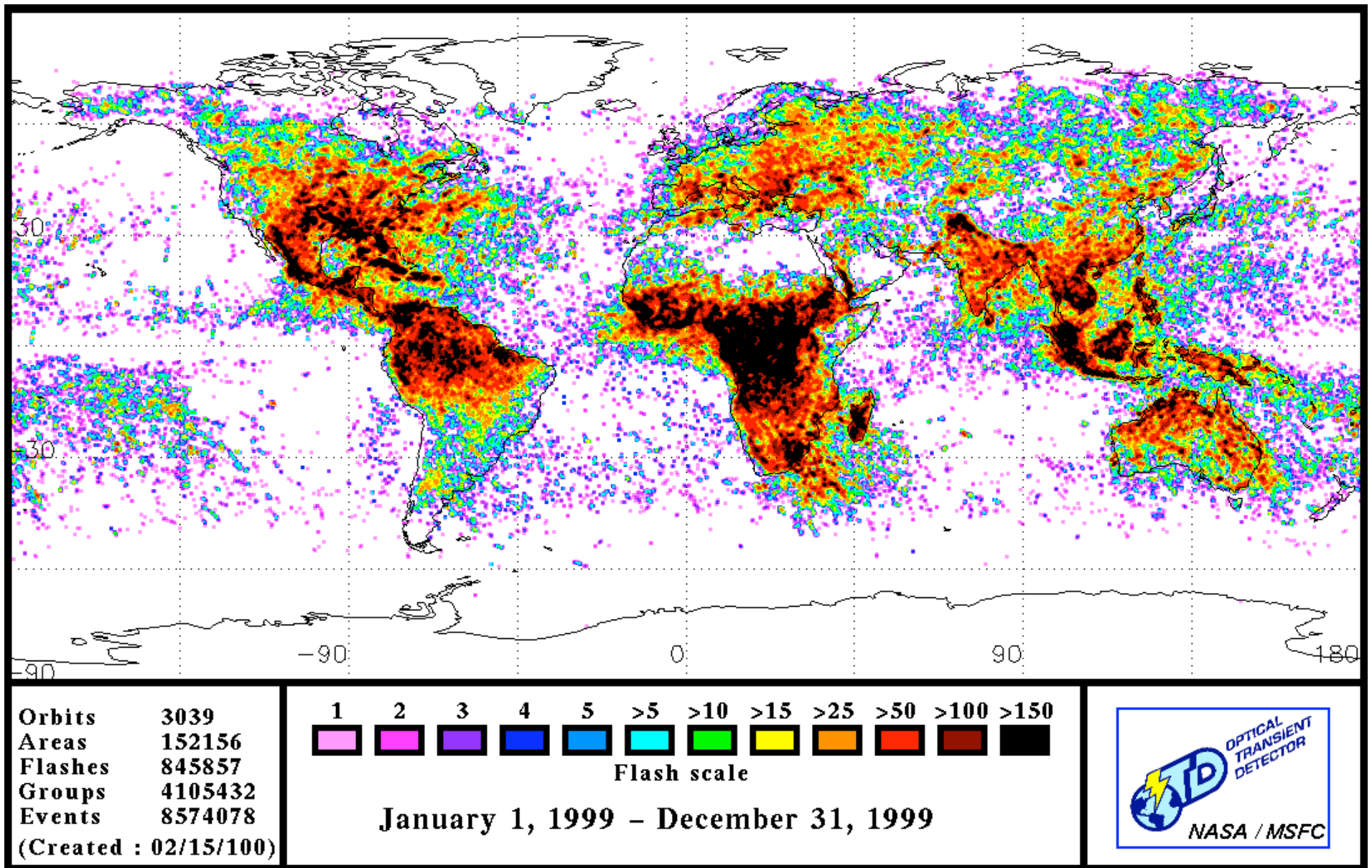


IMAGE COURTESY OF HANS STENBAEK-NIELSEN

Nothing but fingers: (here: Hele-Shaw flow)

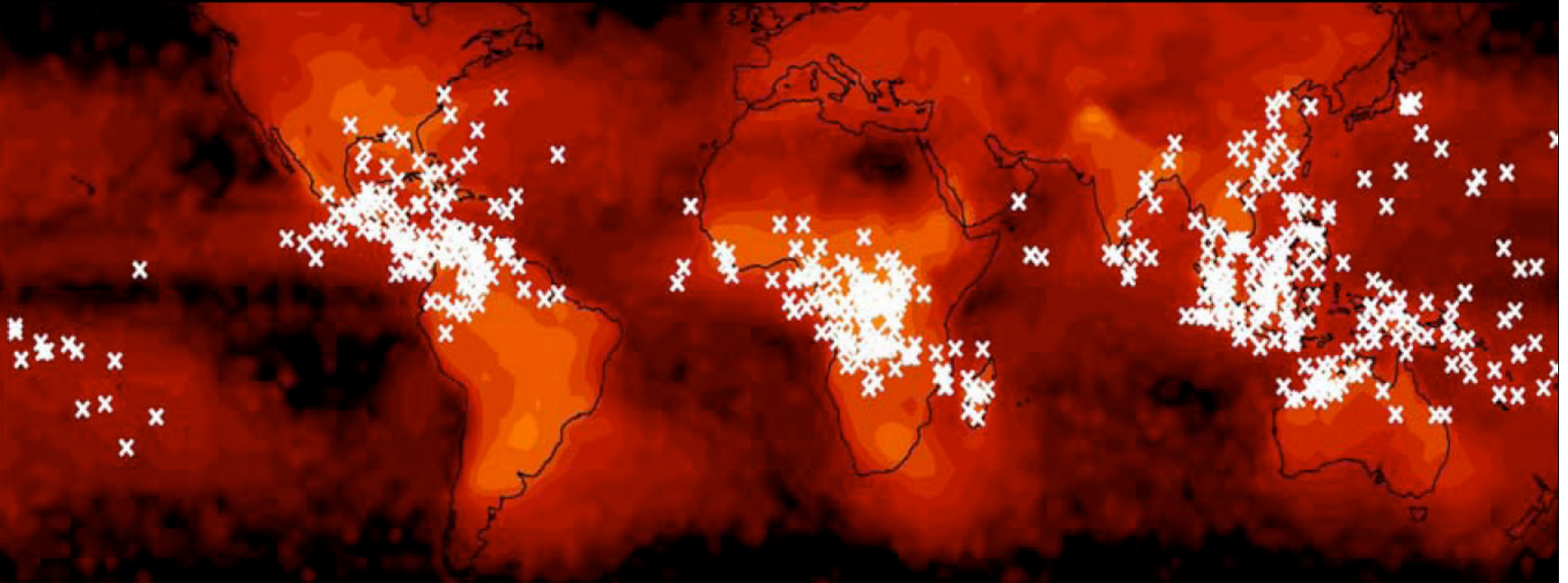




- ca. 45 lightning flashes/second worldwide
- important source of ozone and NO_x (green house gases)

Terrestrial Gamma-Ray Flashes, $> 50/\text{day}$

[discovered 1994, here RHESSI satellite data 2006]

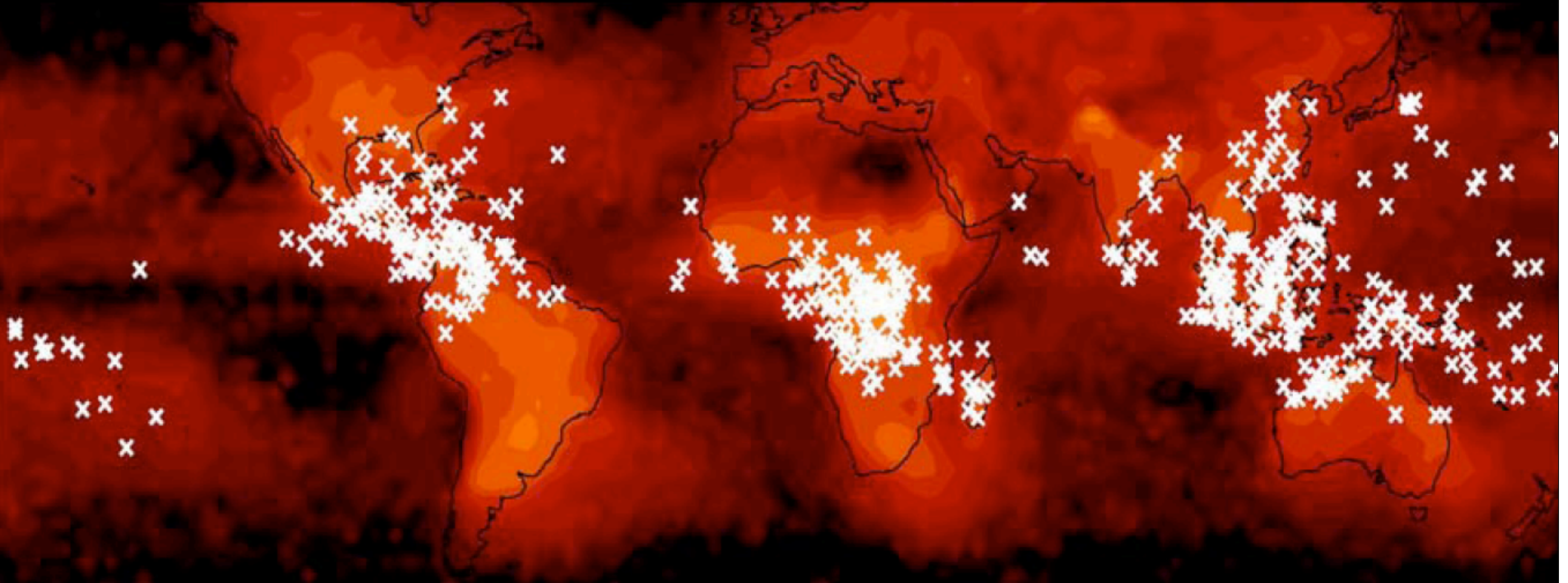


correlated with lightning strokes

*There are puzzles in cosmology,
but do we understand our own earth?*

Terrestrial Gamma-Ray Flashes, > 50/day

[discovered 1994, here RHESSI satellite data 2006]

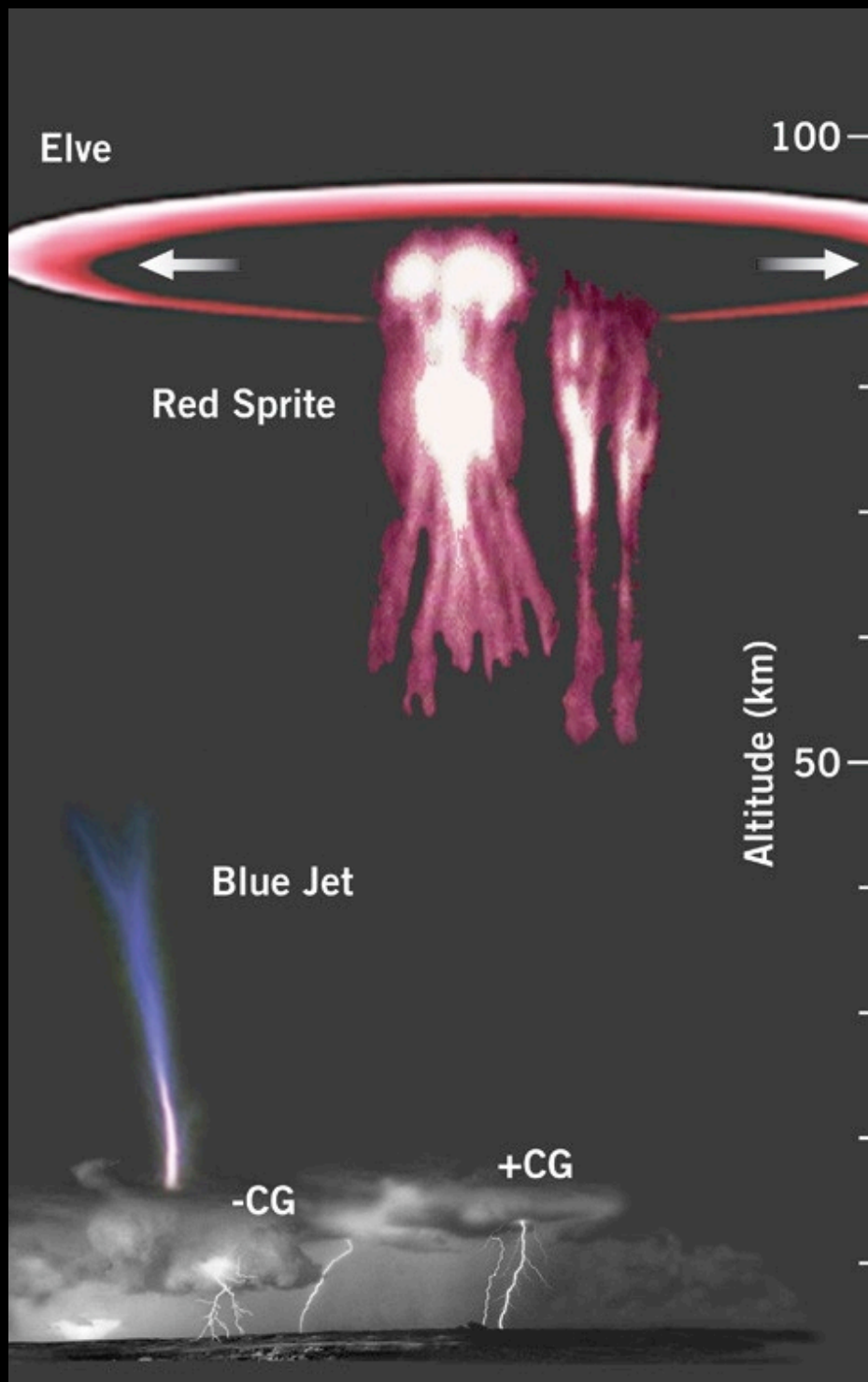


correlated with lightning strokes

*There are puzzles in cosmology,
but do we understand our own earth?*

Theory: avalanches versus fingers

ASIM-mission of ESA to international space station in 2013

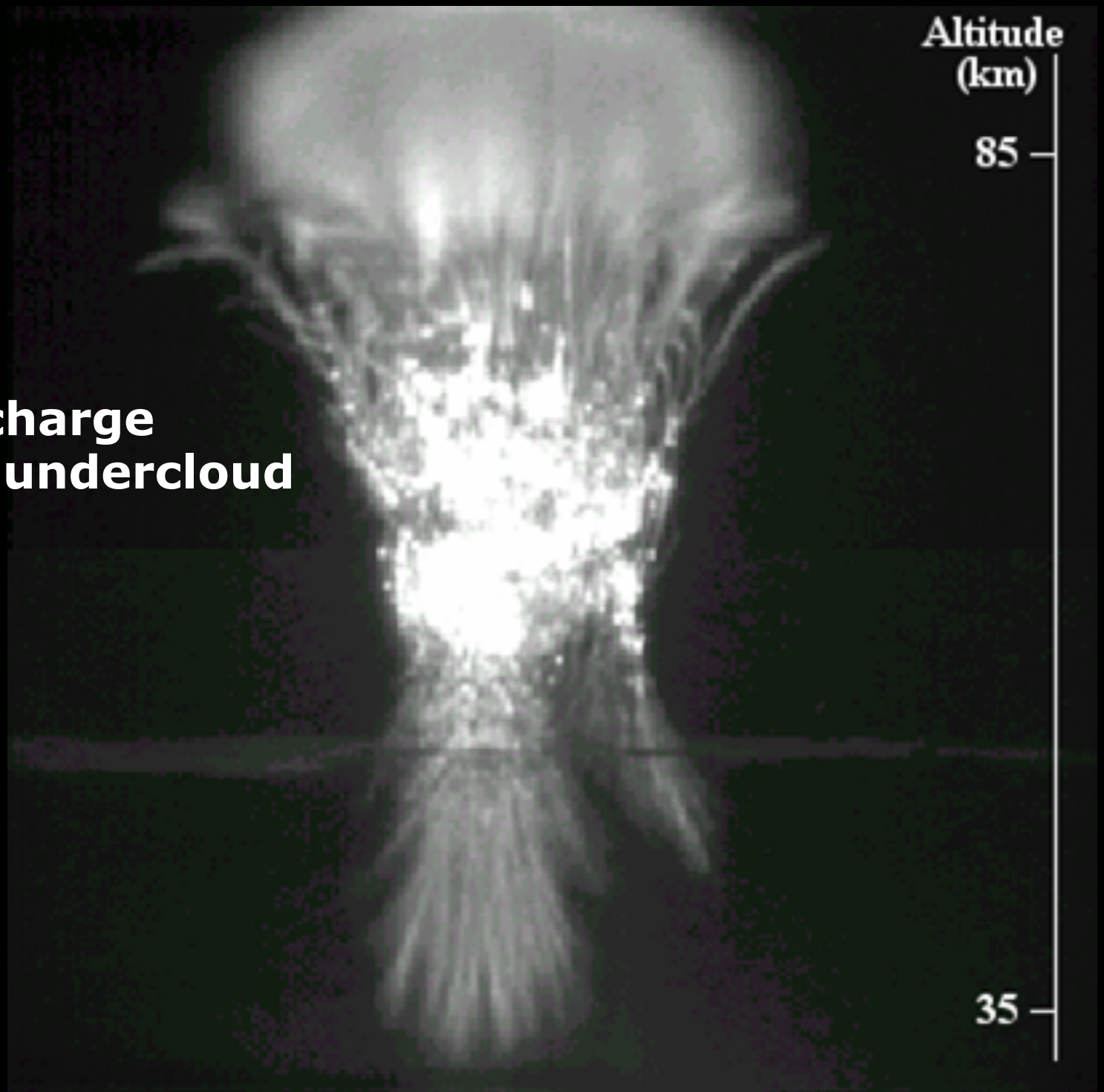


Transient luminous events:
Elves, sprites, jets*
correlated
with lightning strokes

Predicted in 1925,
observed since 1989.

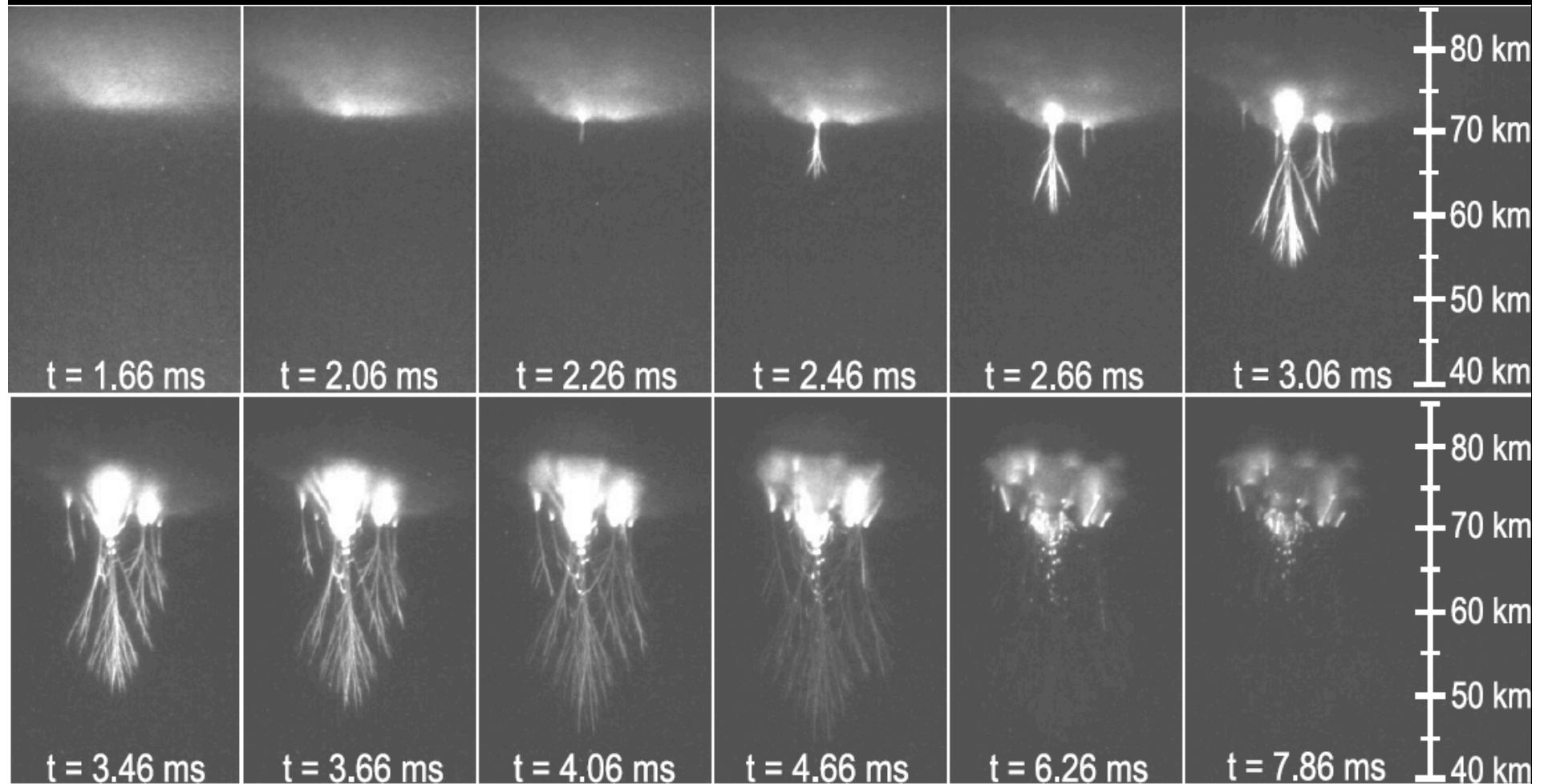
*) Shakespeare,
Mid-Summer Night's Dream

**Sprite discharge
above a thundercloud**



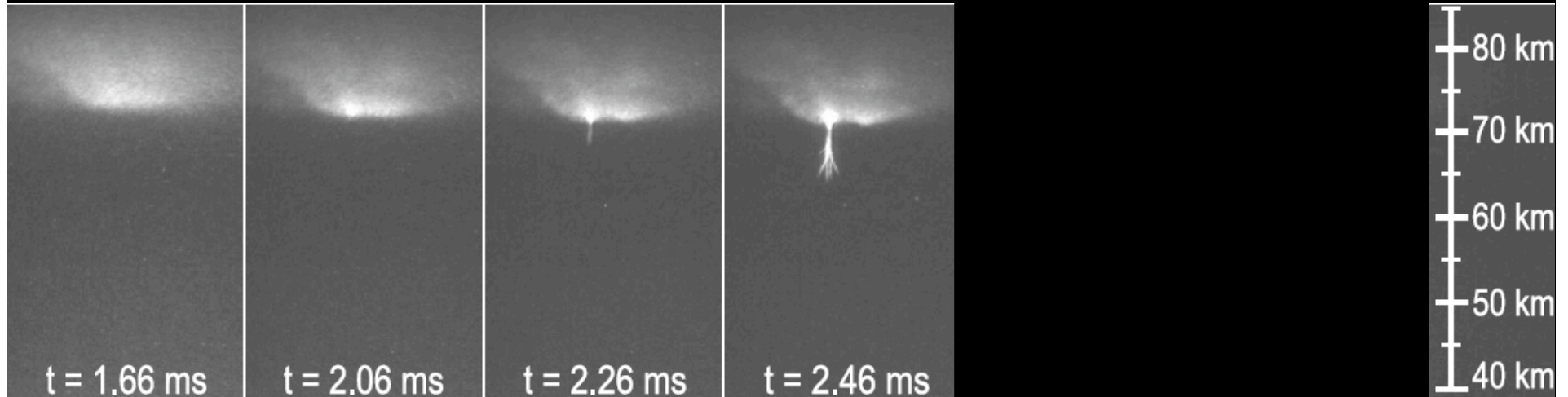
Submillisecond imaging of sprites

[Cummer et al., Geophys. Res. Lett. 2006]



Submillisecond imaging of sprites

[Cummer et al., Geophys. Res. Lett. 2006]



**Sprite halo and sprite inception?
Velocity v ? Diameter d ?**

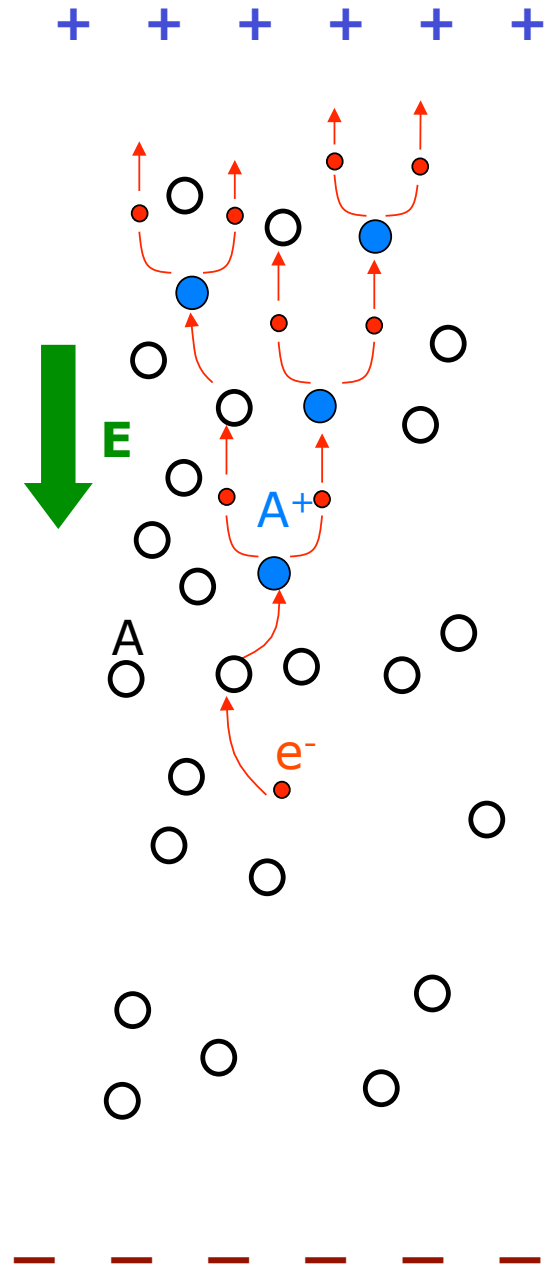
**Simulations with realistic profiles for air
density and ionization density reproduce
sprite halo and the first sprite finger
shooting out of it. [Luque, Ebert, subm]**

Which model to use?

□

Fast processes in the ionization front:

Electrons drift and diffuse in local **E**-field.
Elastic, inelastic and **ionizing** collisions with
neutral molecules. Degree of ionization $< 10^{-4}$.



3D particle simulation at $E_0=100\text{kV/cm}$

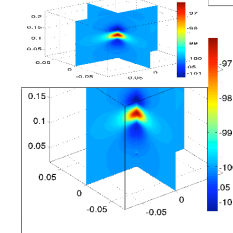
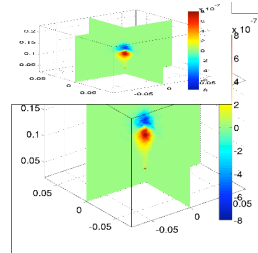
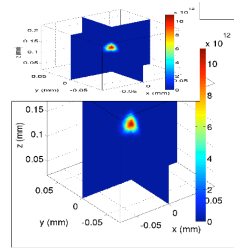
Electron density

Charge density

Electric field

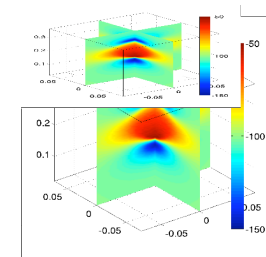
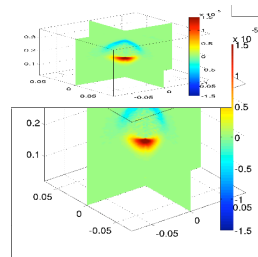
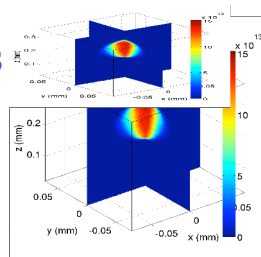
$T=0.18\text{ns}$

Avalanche
(linear):



$T=0.36\text{ns}$

Streamer
(space
charge
effects):



Fast processes in the ionization front:

Electrons drift and diffuse in local **E**-field.
Elastic, inelastic and **ionizing** collisions with neutral molecules. Degree of ionization $< 10^{-4}$.

→ Minimal streamer model

(for negative streamers in pure N_2 or Ar):

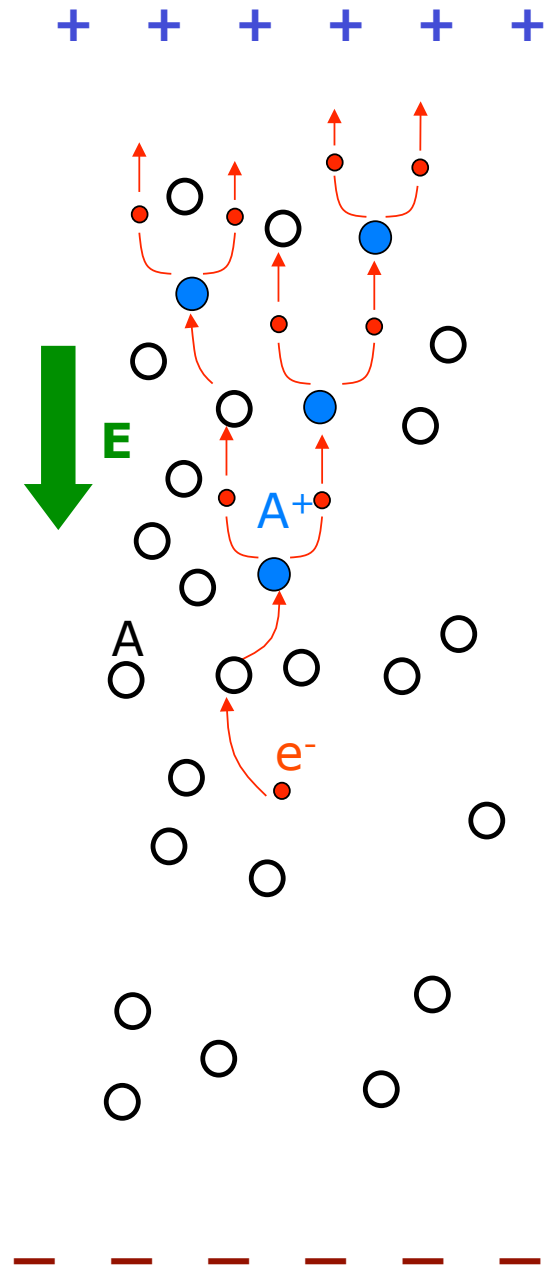
Continuity equations for densities of electrons σ and positive ions ρ , coupled to the electrostatic field **E**.

$$\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial t} = D \nabla^2 \sigma + \nu(E) \sigma - \alpha(E) \sigma \rho;$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = \alpha(E) \sigma - \nu(E) \rho;$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \rho - \sigma;$$

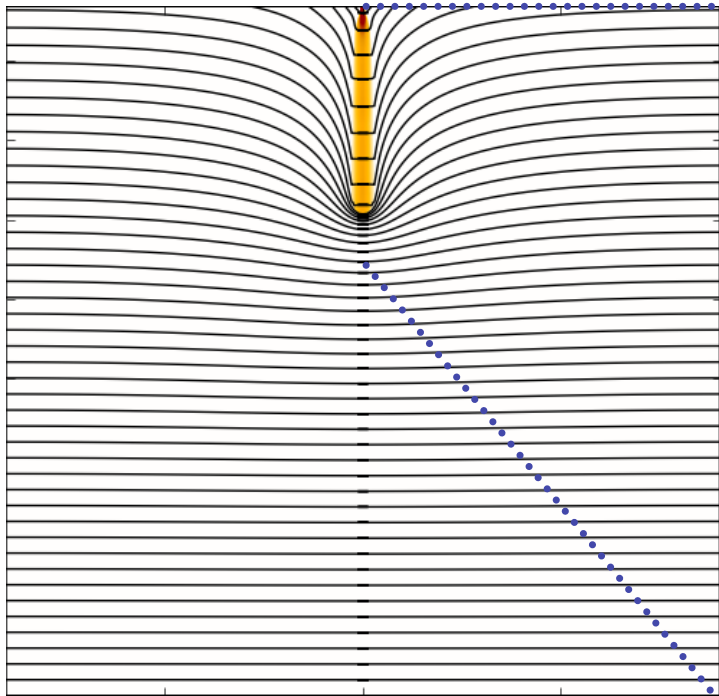
$$f(x) = \exp(-x/\lambda_D); \quad D = 0.1;$$



Positive streamer in air

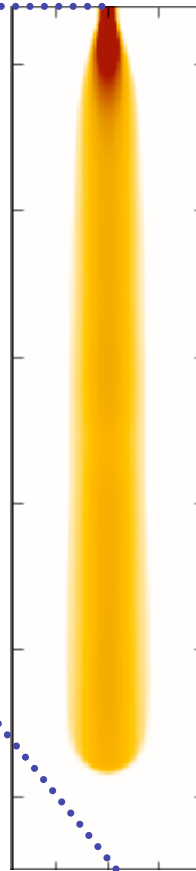
Complete system:

n_e , equi- ϕ

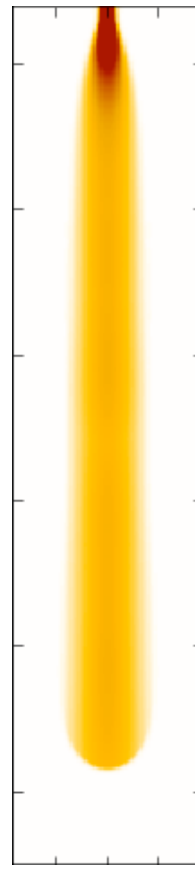


Zoom:

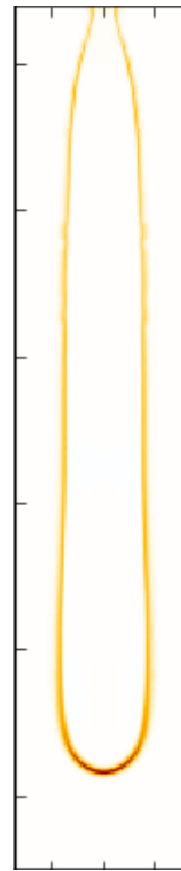
n_e



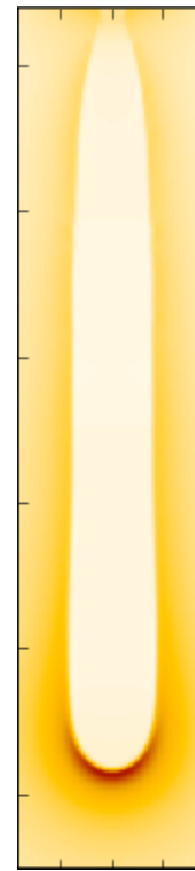
n_+



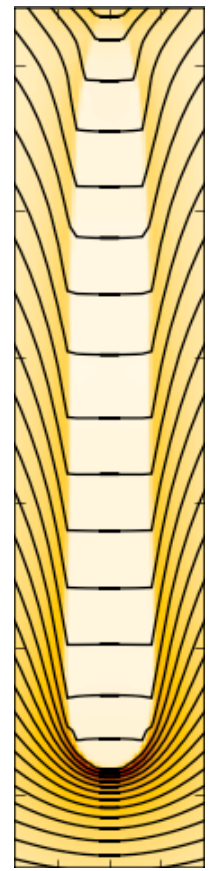
$n_+ - n_e$



$|\mathbf{E}|$

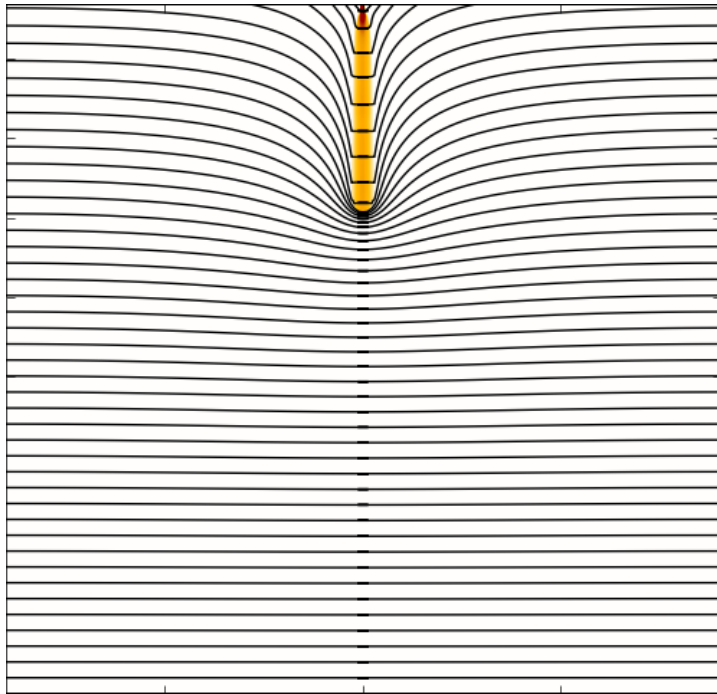


+ equi- ϕ

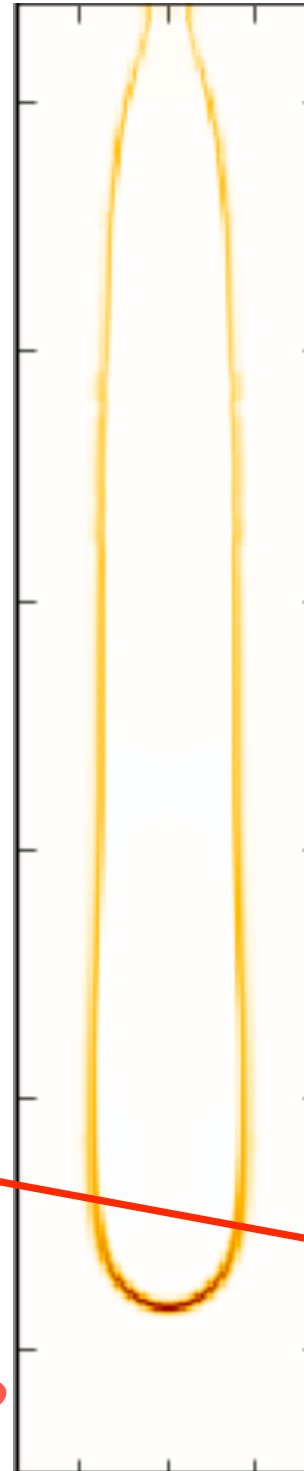


Local field enhancement allows the streamer finger to propagate

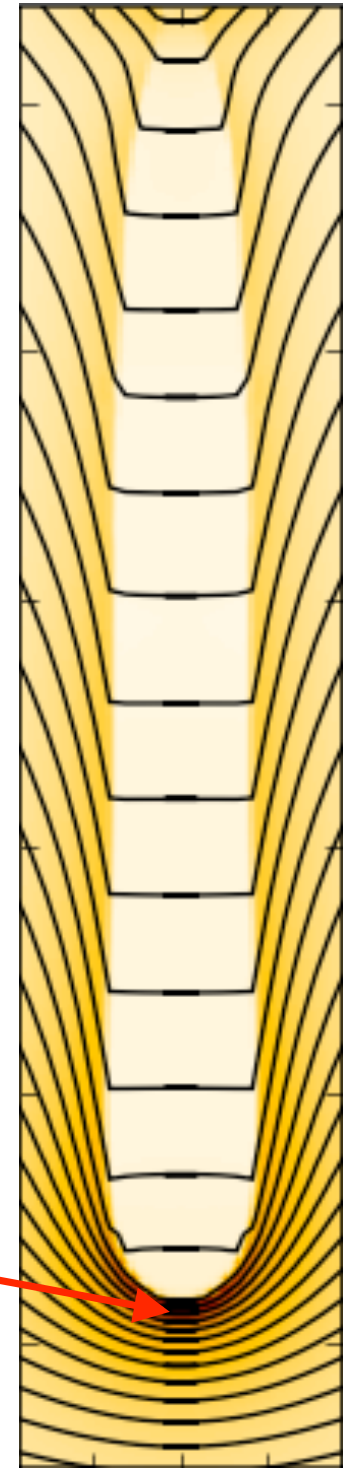
Positive streamer in air



$n_+ - n_e$



$|\mathbf{E}|$,
equi- ϕ



*Electron acceleration
in enhanced field
-> X-rays and
terrestrial gamma-rays?*

Conditions on Φ on
outer boundaries

$$\nabla^2 \phi^+ = 0$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \nabla \phi^+$$

$$\phi^- = 0$$

**Ideally
conducting
streamer**

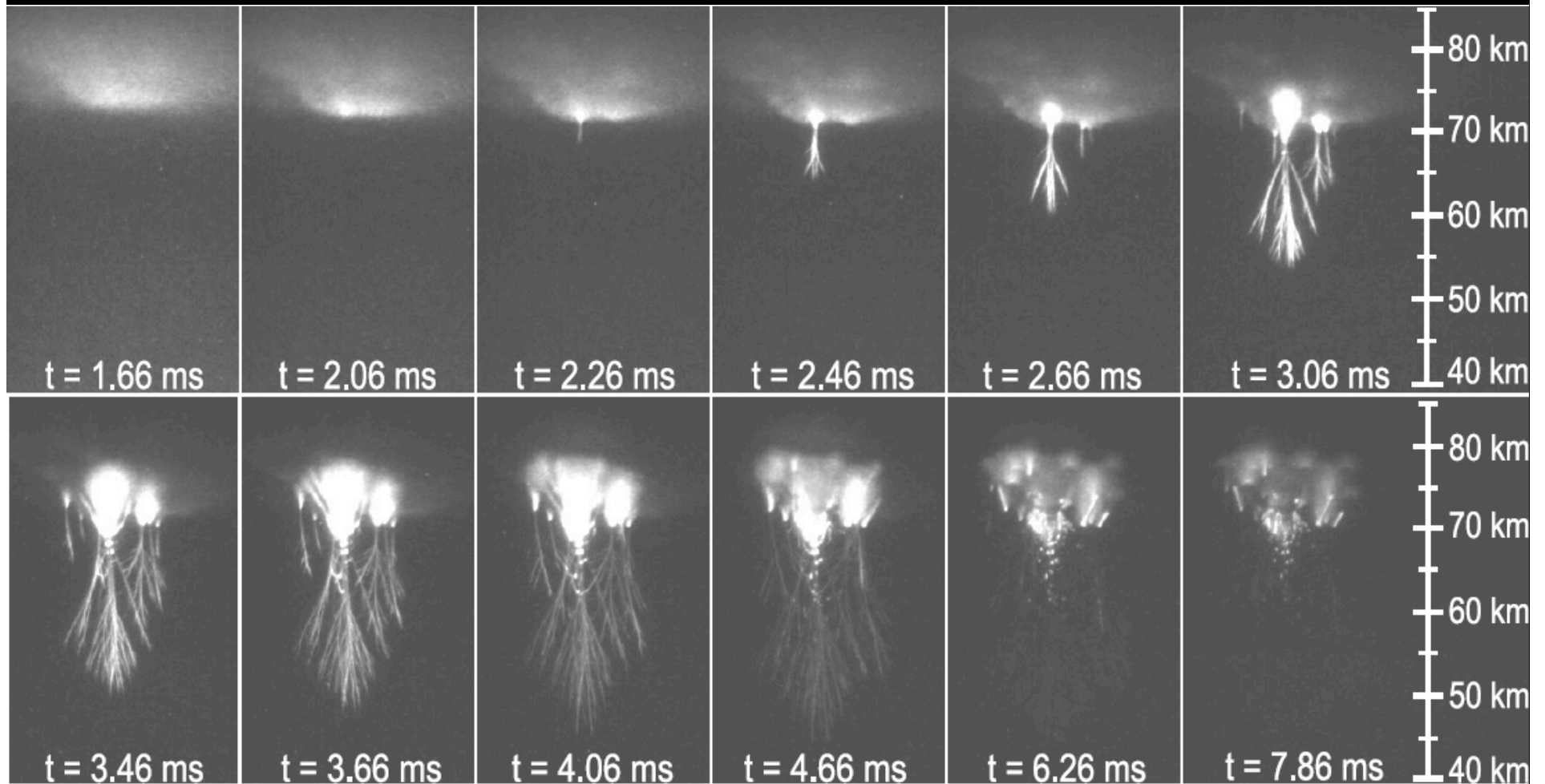
[Lozansky, Firsov 1973]

**Finger formation and
Laplacian instability.**

$\Phi \rightarrow p$: viscous fingering

Submillisecond imaging of sprites

[Cummer et al., Geophys. Res. Lett. 2006]

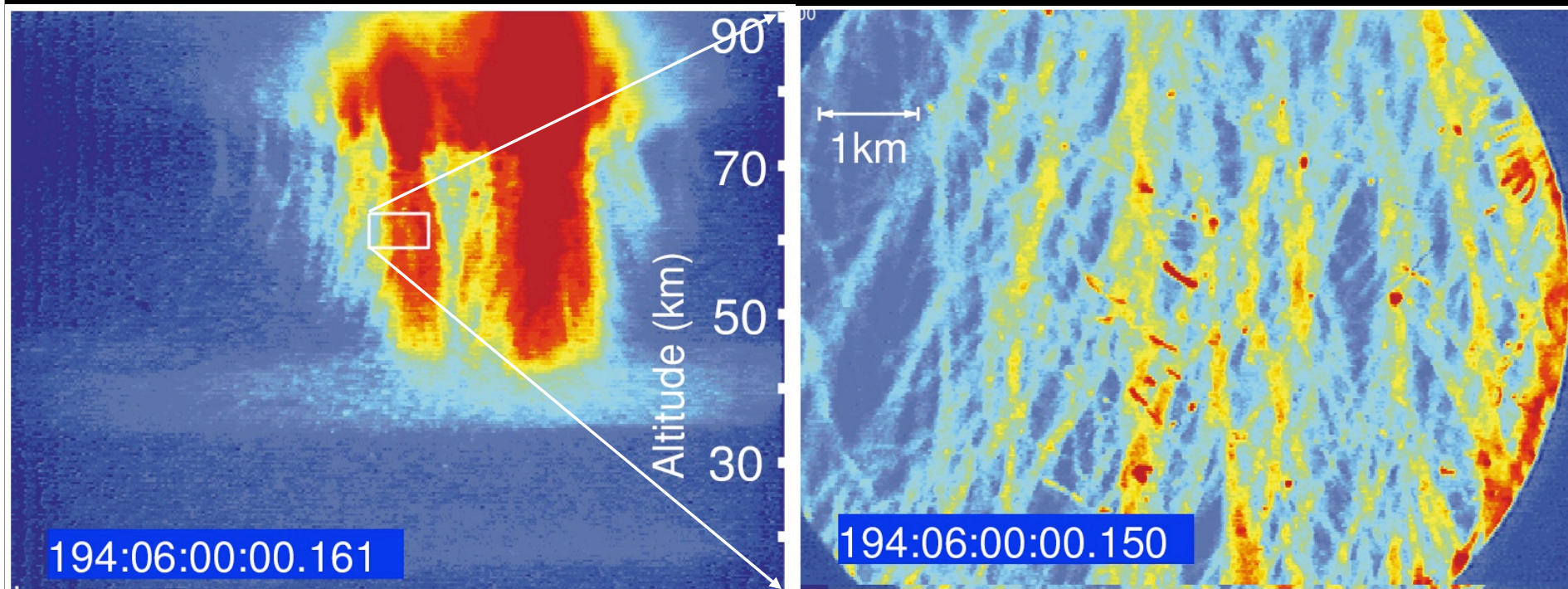


*A closer
experimental
inspection
of sprites,*

*taking them
down to earth.*

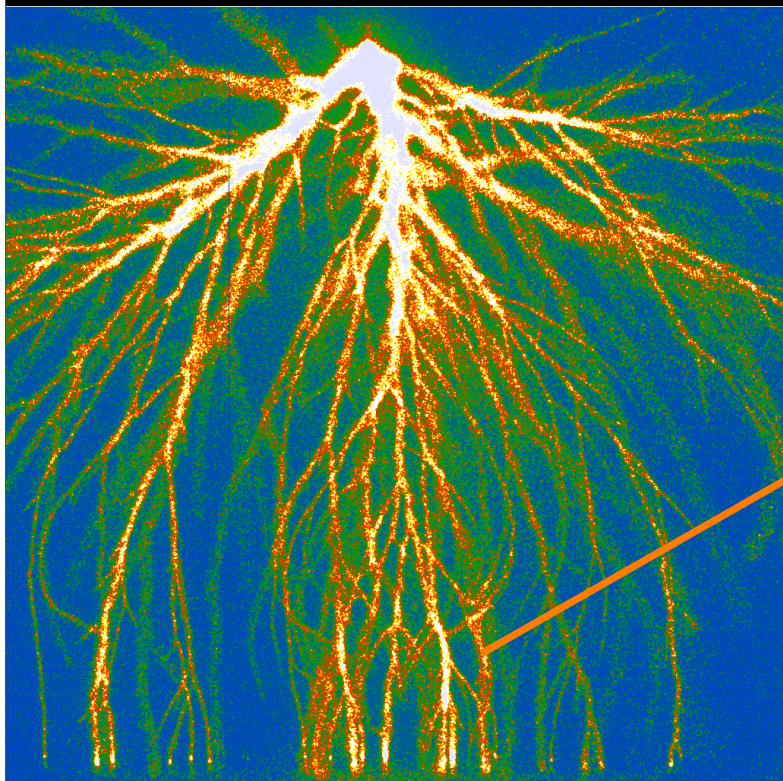
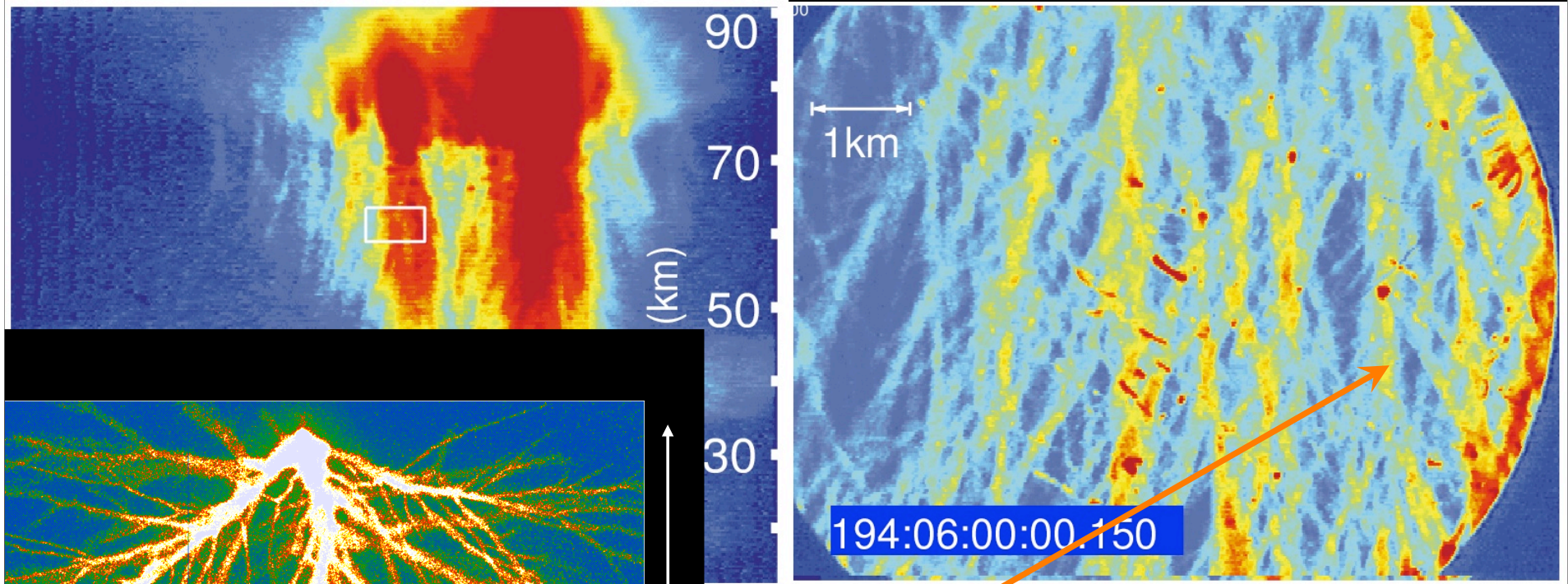
Telescopic images of sprite discharges

[Gerken et al., Geophys. Res. Lett. 2000]



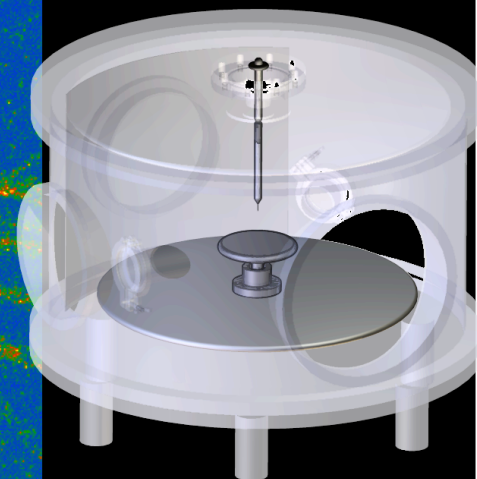
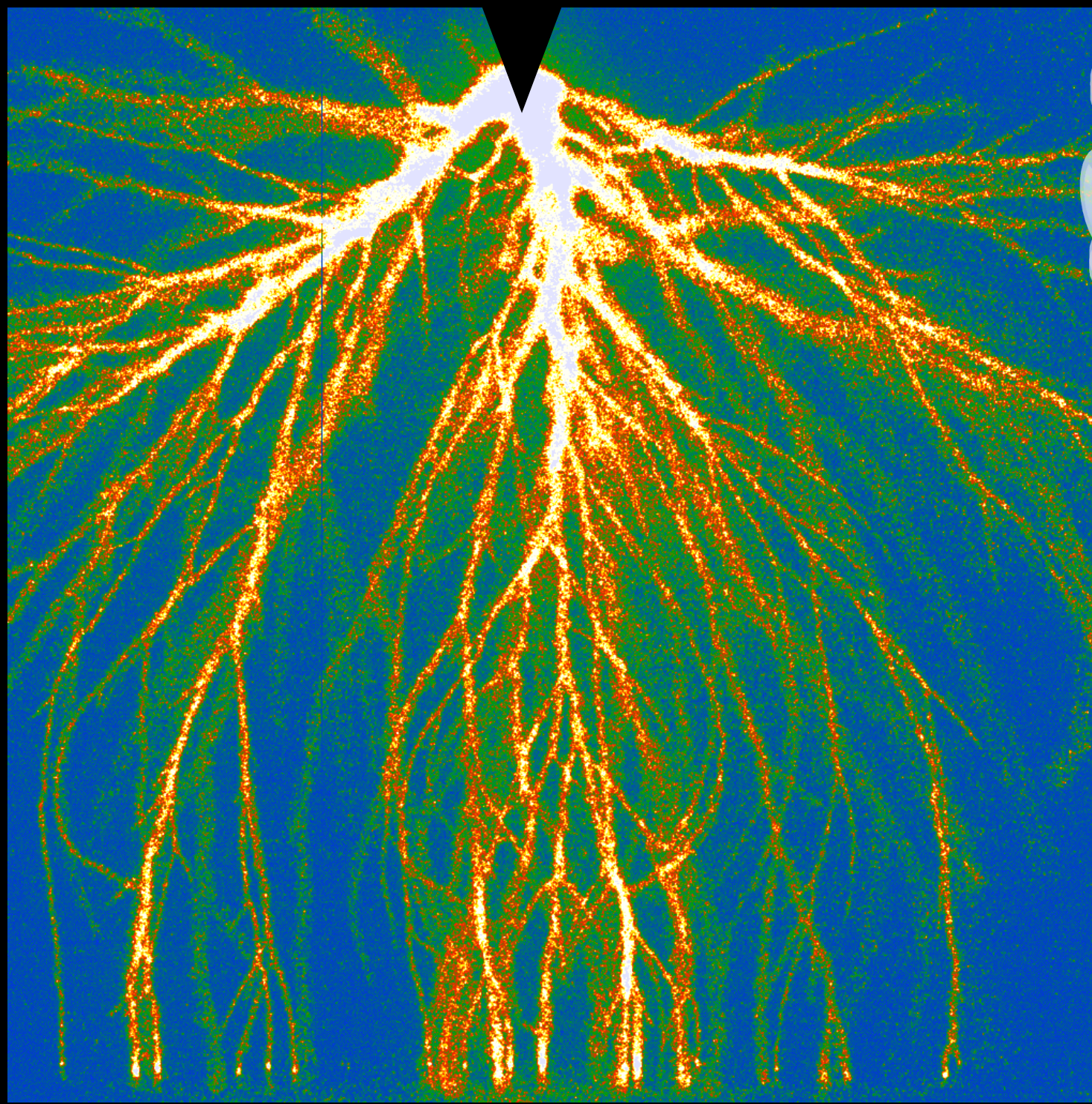
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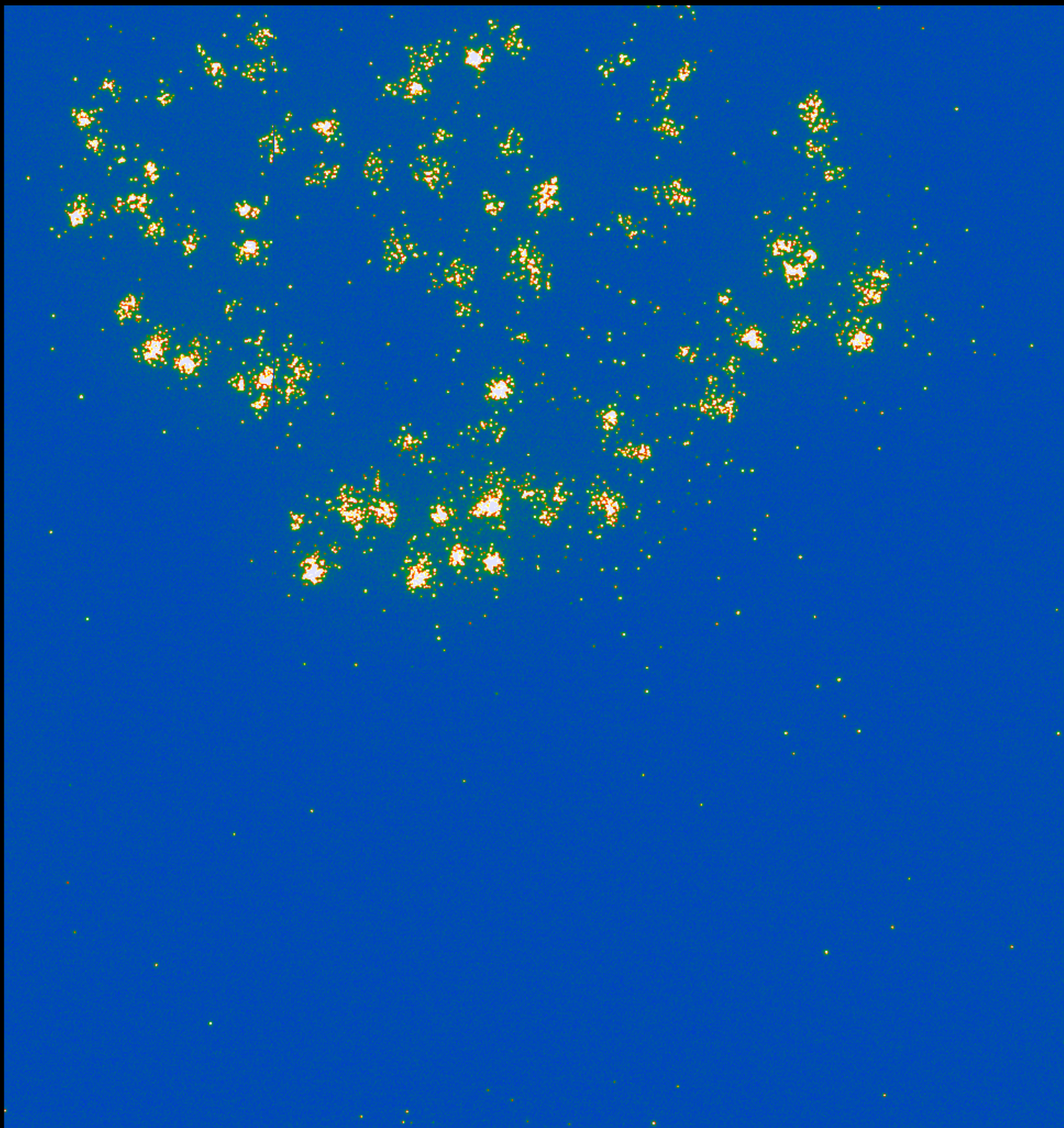


**Approximate similarity
between
different gas densities,
better than theory predicts.**

[Briels et al, J Phys D 2008]

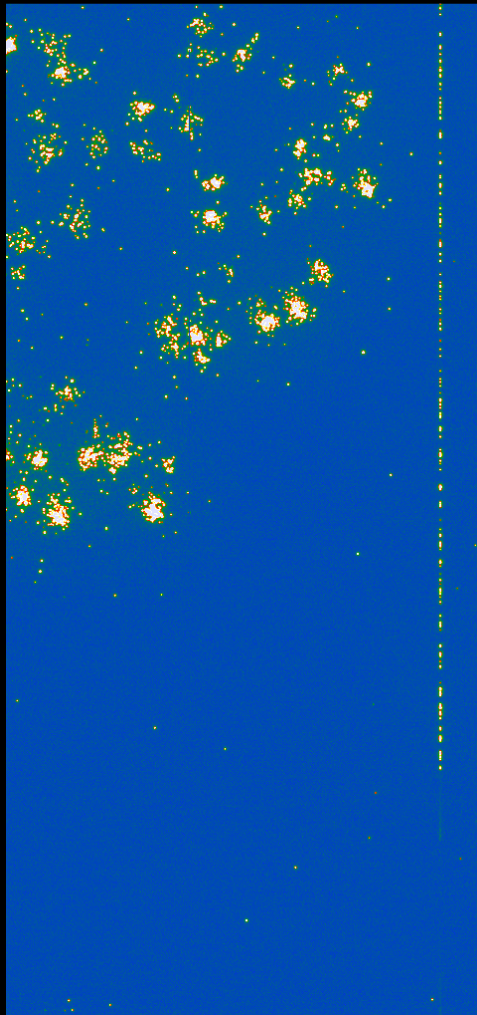


**Air,
+28 kV
on 40 mm,
exposure
 $0 < t < 300$ ns**

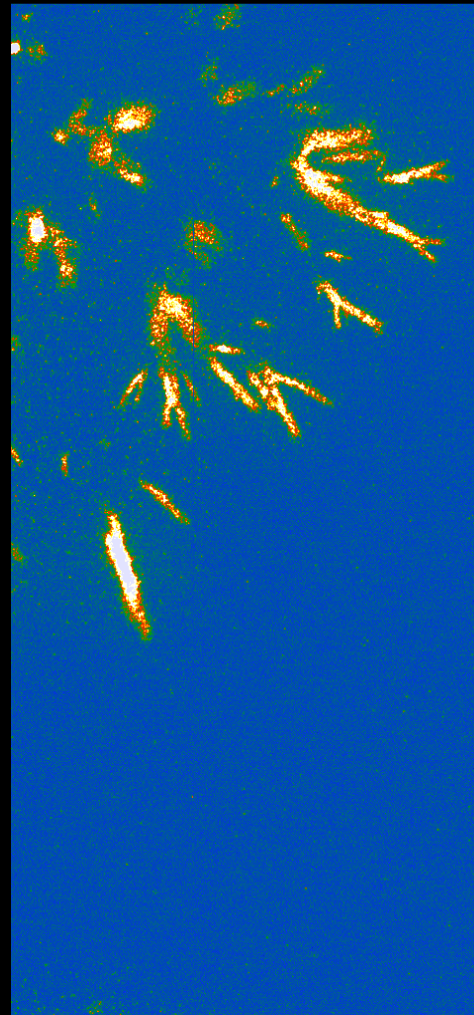


**Air,
+28 kV
on 40 mm,
exposure
46<t<47 ns**

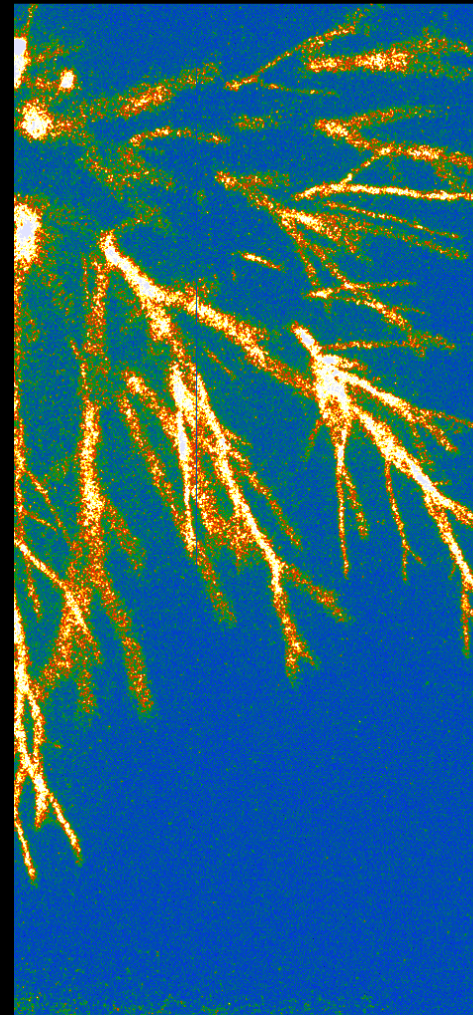
Air, 1 bar, +28 kV pulse on point above, 40 mm gap to plate below



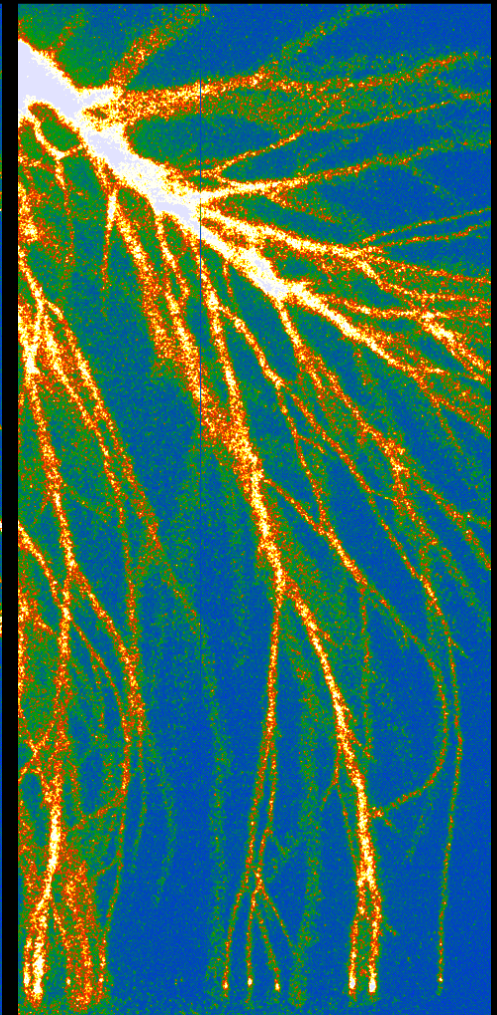
exposure: 1 ns
(46 ns < t < 47 ns)



10 ns
(50 ns < t < 60 ns)



50 ns
(50 ns < t < 100 ns)

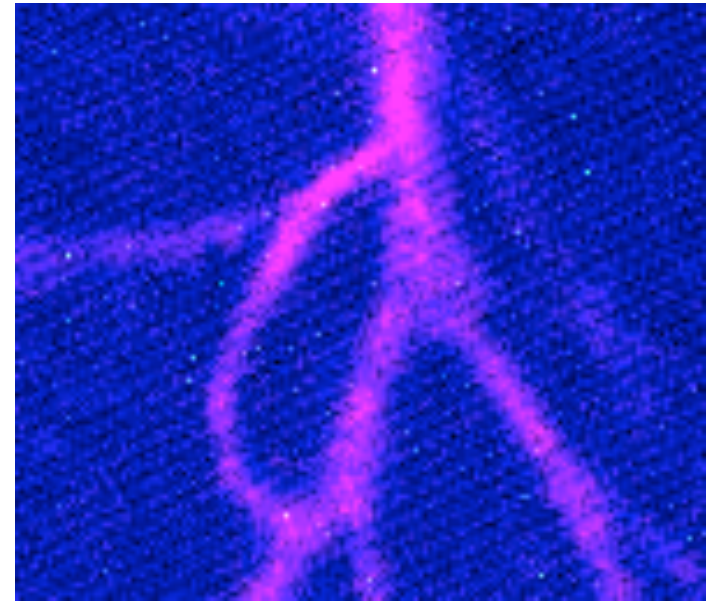


300 ns
(0 ns < t < 300 ns)

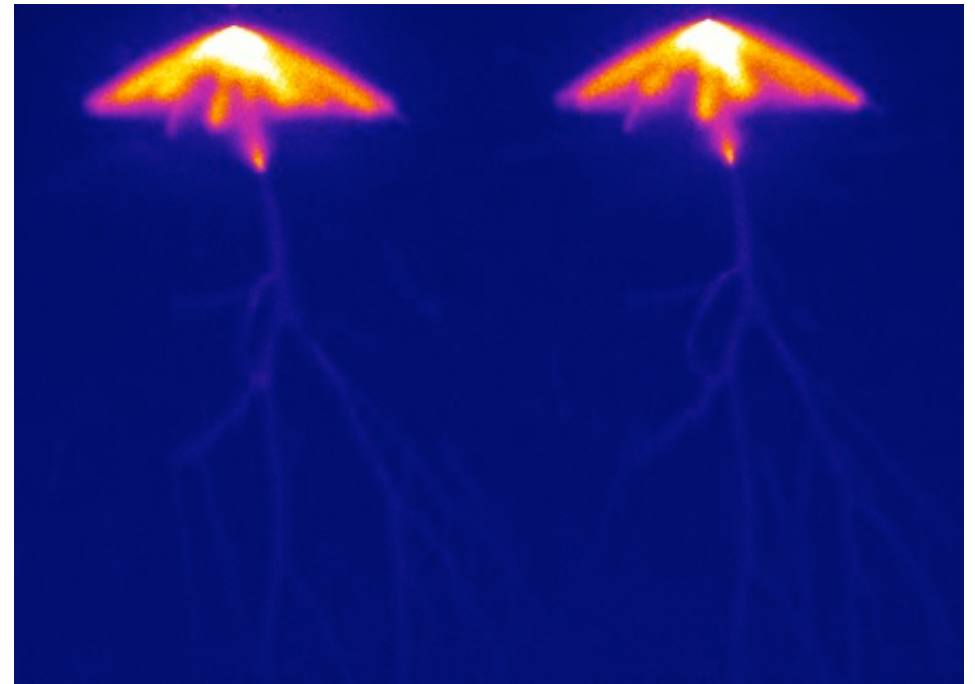
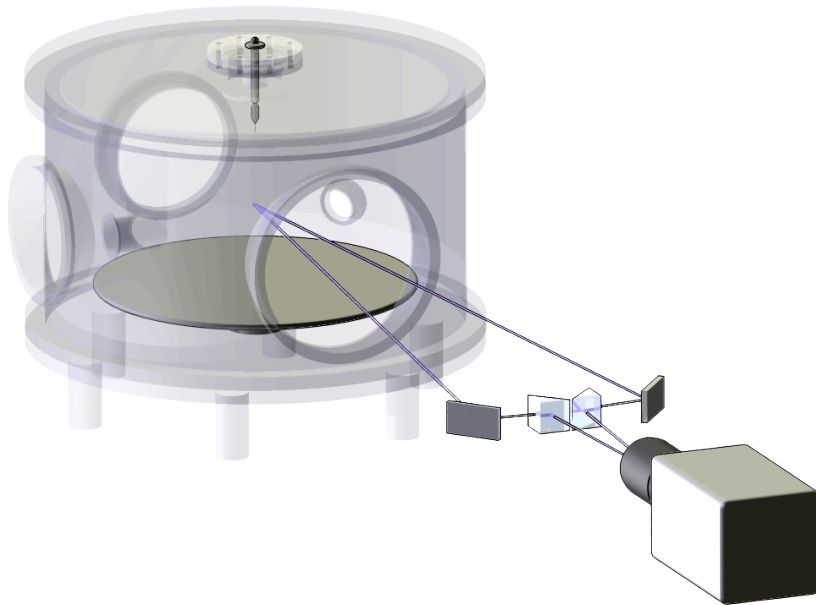
[Ebert et al., PSST 06, Briels et al., J Phys D 2006]

Images:
2D projection of 3D physics

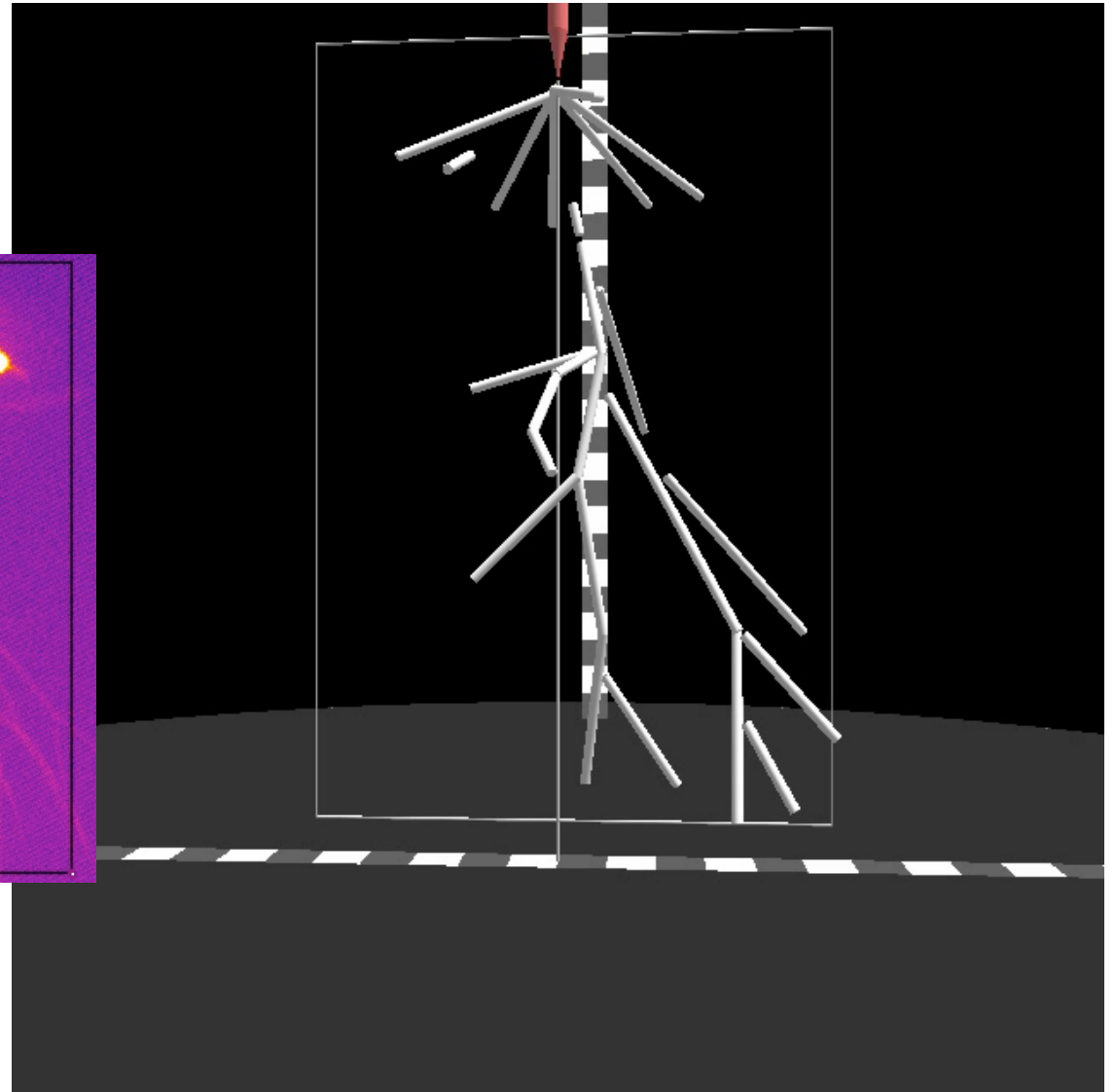
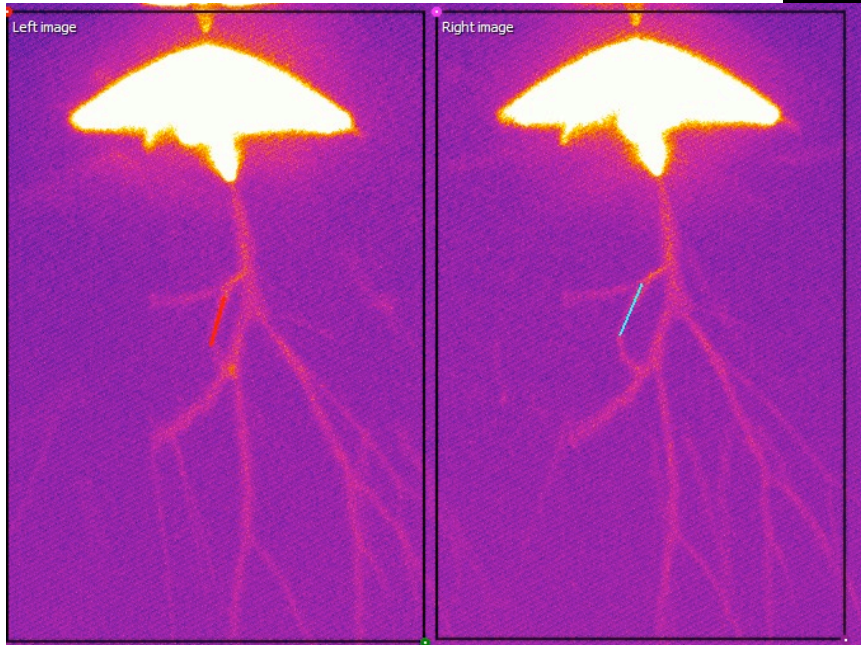
Is this a loop or not?



→ **Stereoscopic imaging:**



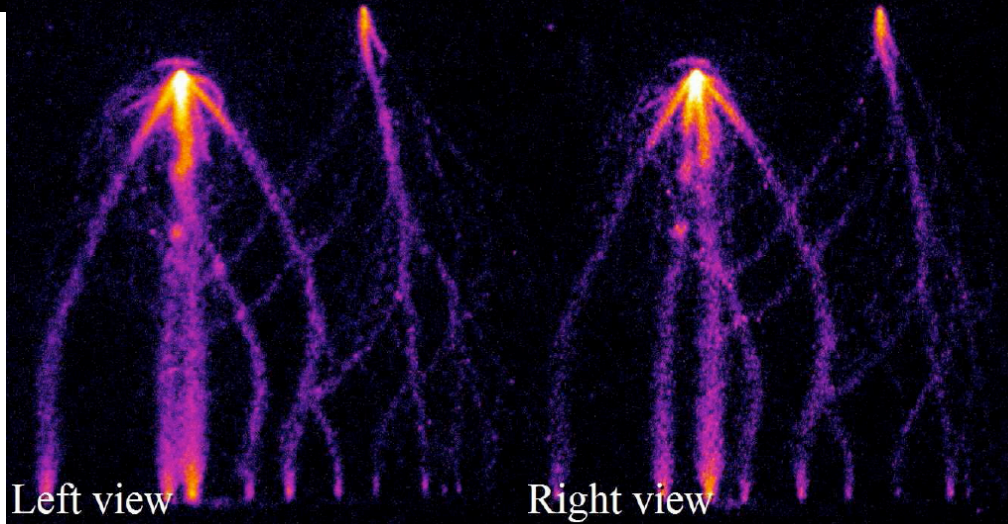
3D reconstruction:



- **Branching angles** [Nijdam et al., Appl Phys Lett 2008]
- **Reconnections** [Nijdam et al., J. Phys. D 2009
incl. 3D movies]

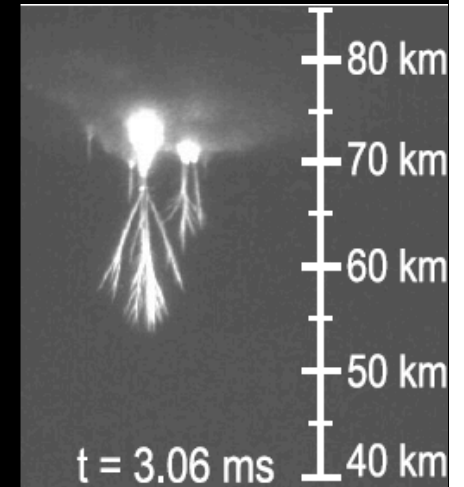
Submillisecond imaging of sprites

[Cummer et al., Geophys. Res. Lett. 2006]

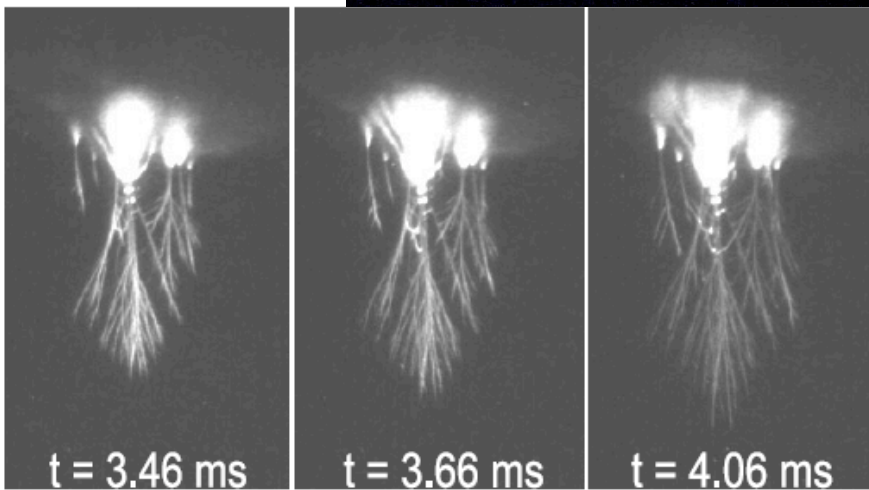


Left view

Right view



t = 3.06 ms



t = 3.46 ms

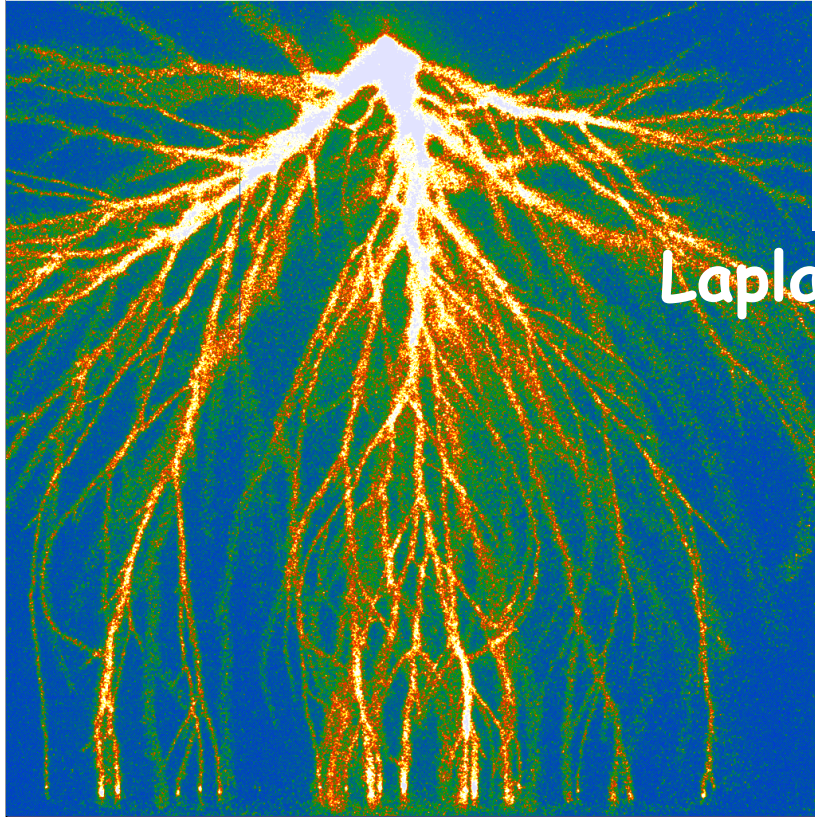
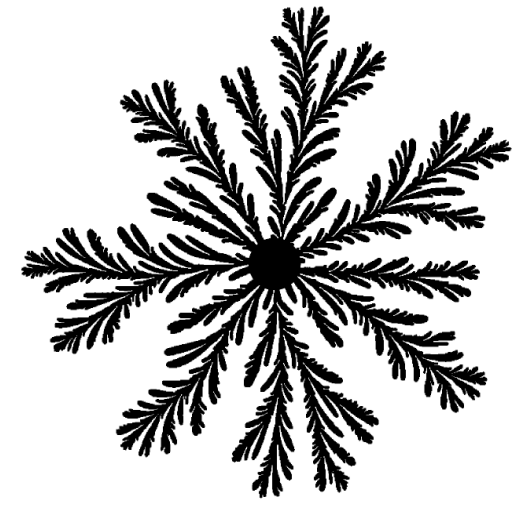
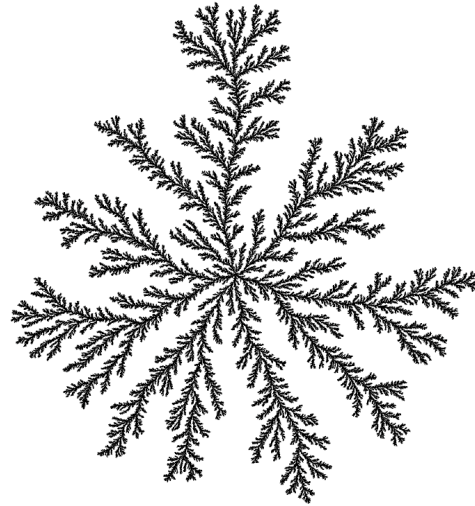
t = 3.66 ms

t = 4.06 ms

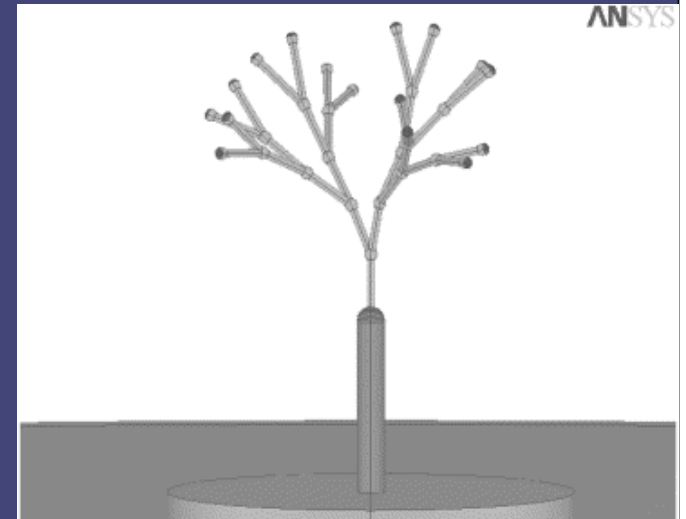
Experiments on streamer reconnection

[Nijdam et al., J Phys D 2009],

also simulations [Luque et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 2008].



Laplacian growth models?
Fractals?



**Too simple! Patterns are not fractal.
Rich inner multiscale structure!**

Work your way up the scales!

Fast processes in the ionization front:

Electrons drift and diffuse in local **E**-field.
Elastic, inelastic and **ionizing** collisions with neutral molecules. Degree of ionization $< 10^{-4}$.

→ Minimal streamer model

(for negative streamers in pure N_2 or Ar):

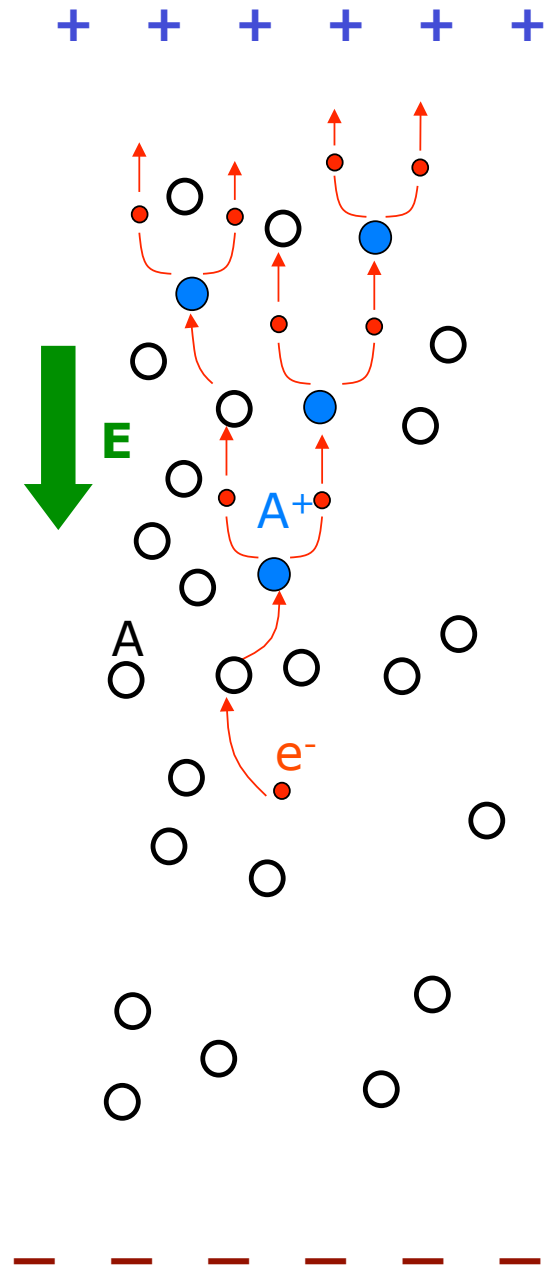
Continuity equations for densities of electrons σ and positive ions ρ , coupled to the electrostatic field **E**.

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$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = \alpha(E) \rho \sigma;$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \rho - \sigma;$$

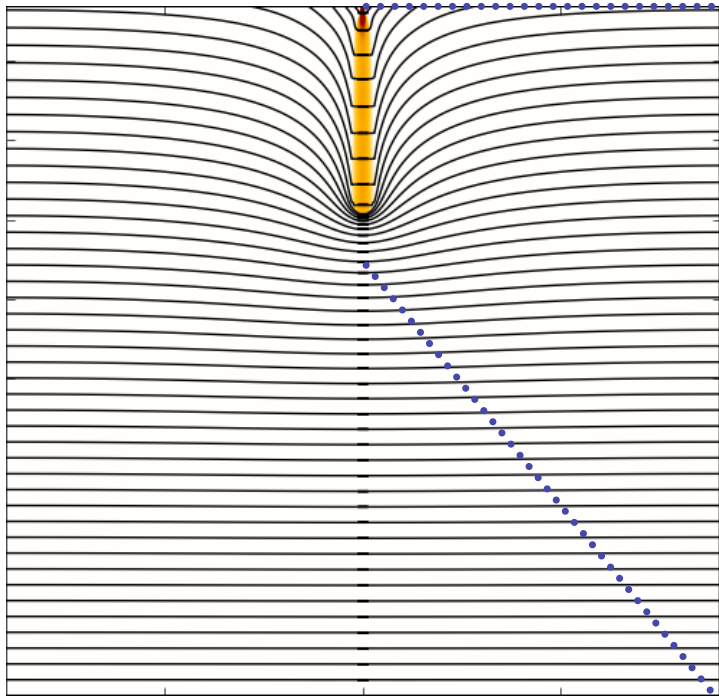
$$f(x) = \exp(-x/\lambda_D); \quad D = 0.1;$$



Positive streamer in air

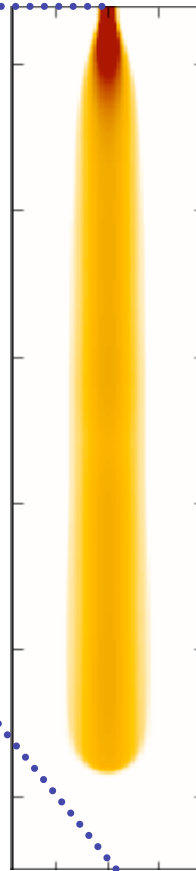
Complete system:

n_e , equi- ϕ

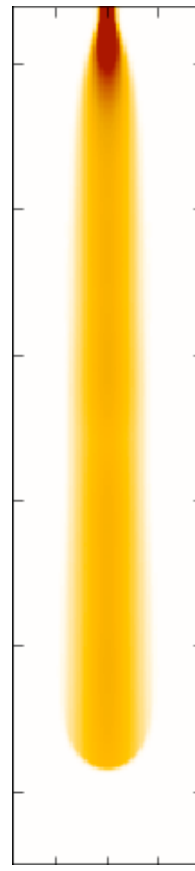


Zoom:

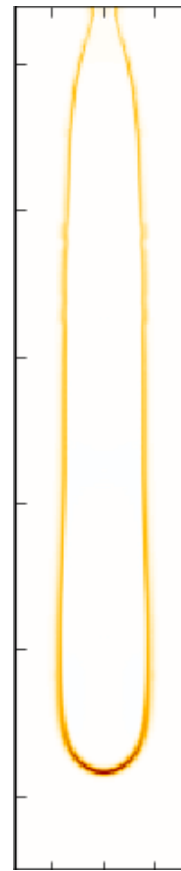
n_e



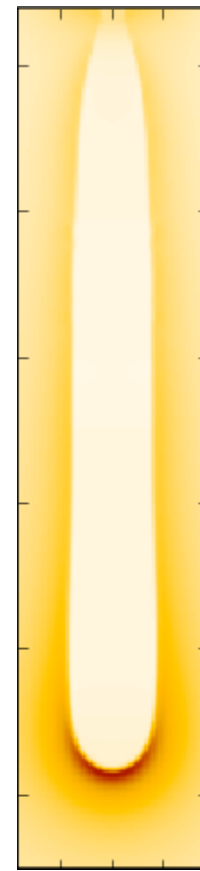
n_+



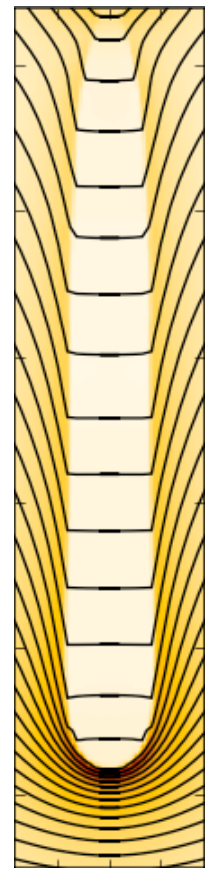
$n_+ - n_e$



$|\mathbf{E}|$



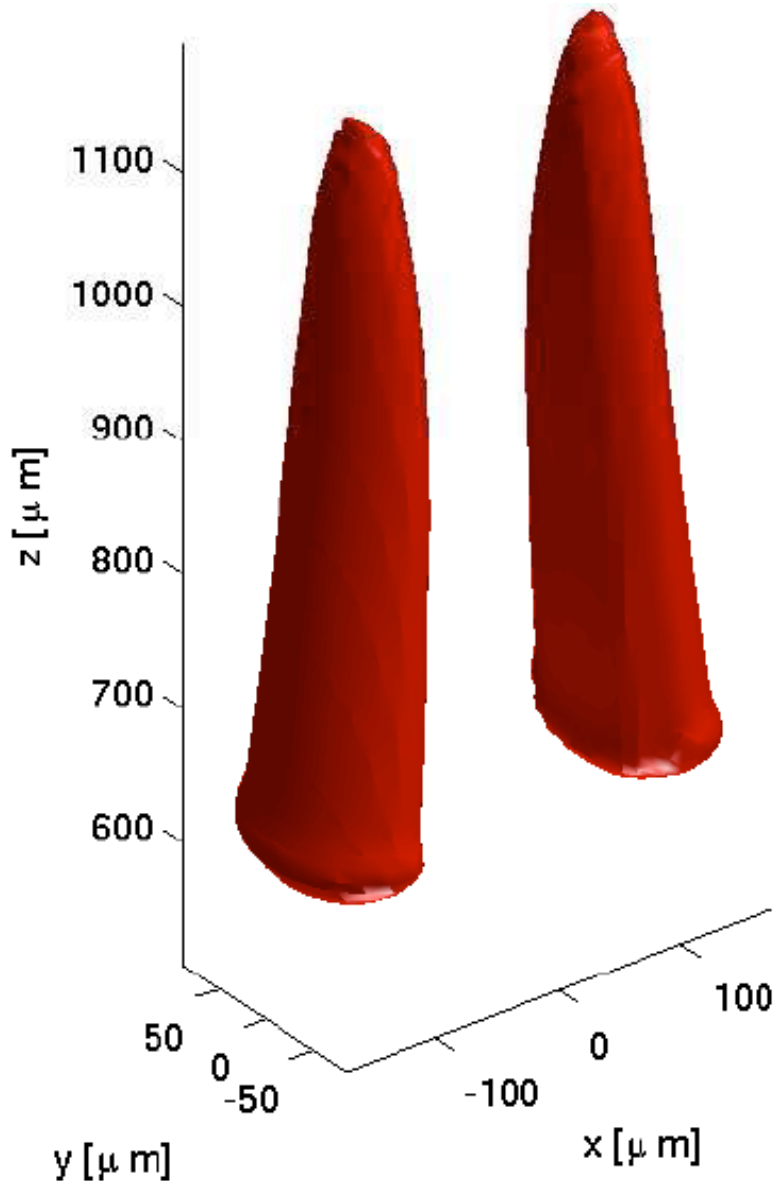
+ equi- ϕ



Computations with adaptive grid refinement [Montijn et al., Luque et al.]

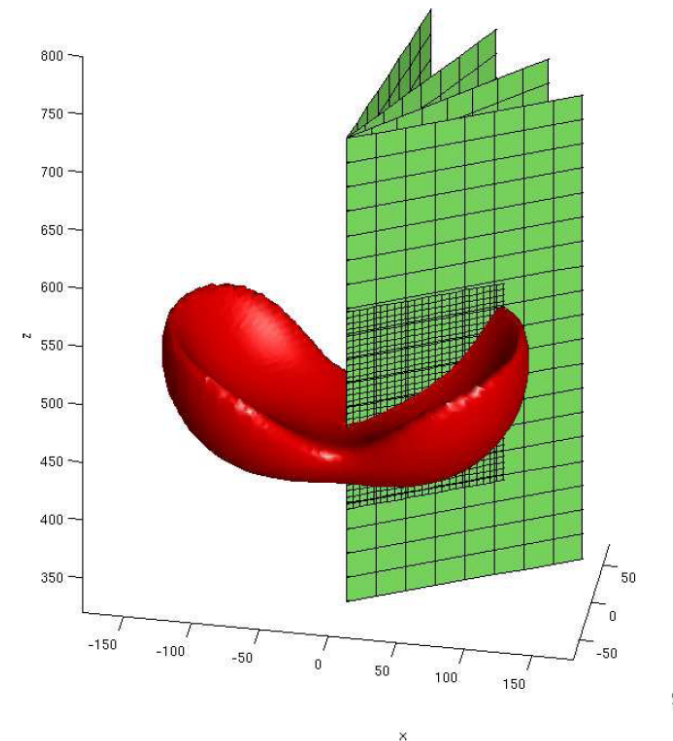
2 interacting streamers in 3D:

Surfaces of equal electron density



**Electrostatic repulsion
versus attraction
through photoionization**

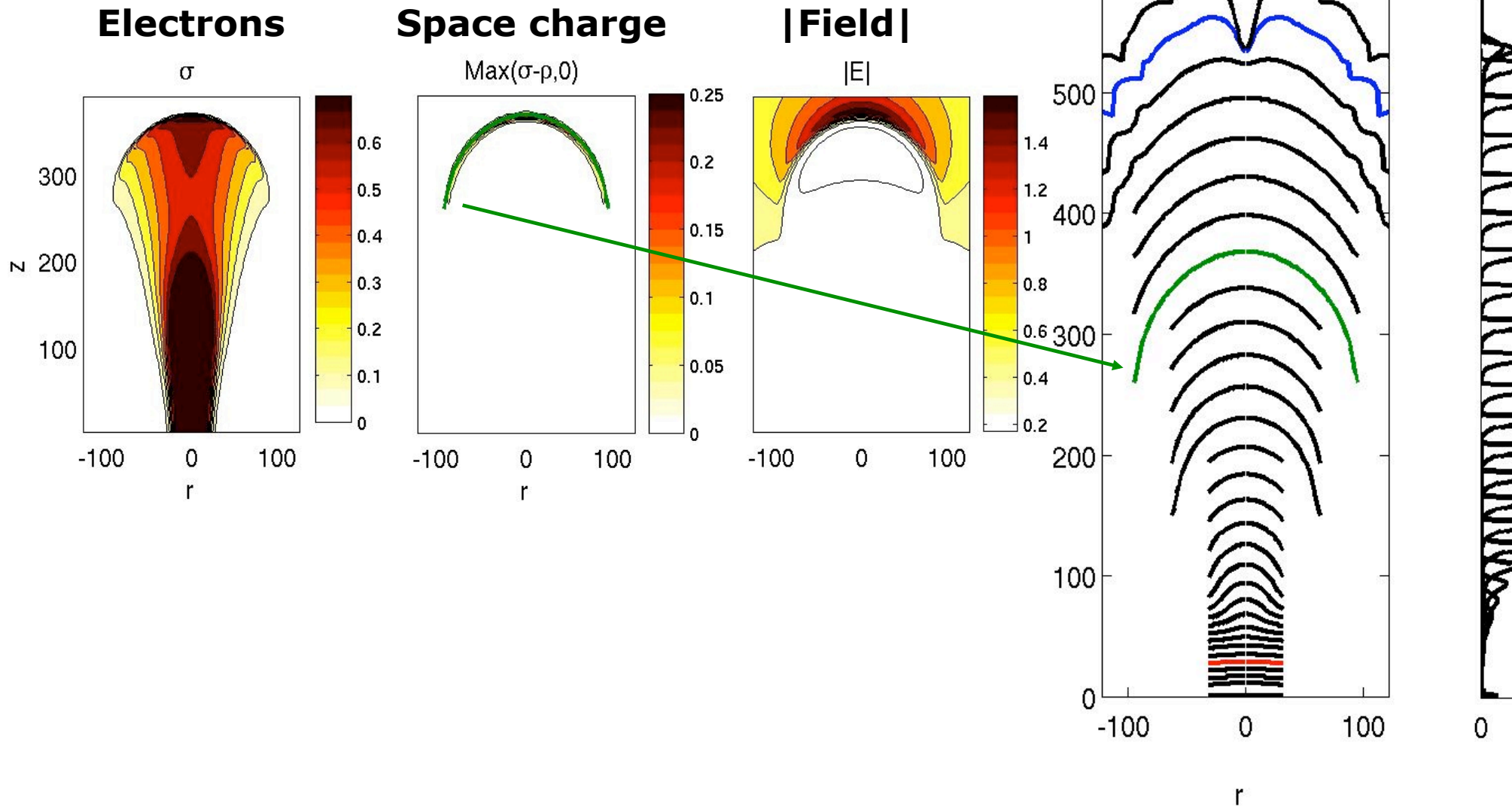
Quasispectral method
for the Poisson equation



[Luque et al., Phys Rev Lett 08,
Research Highlight Nature 08]

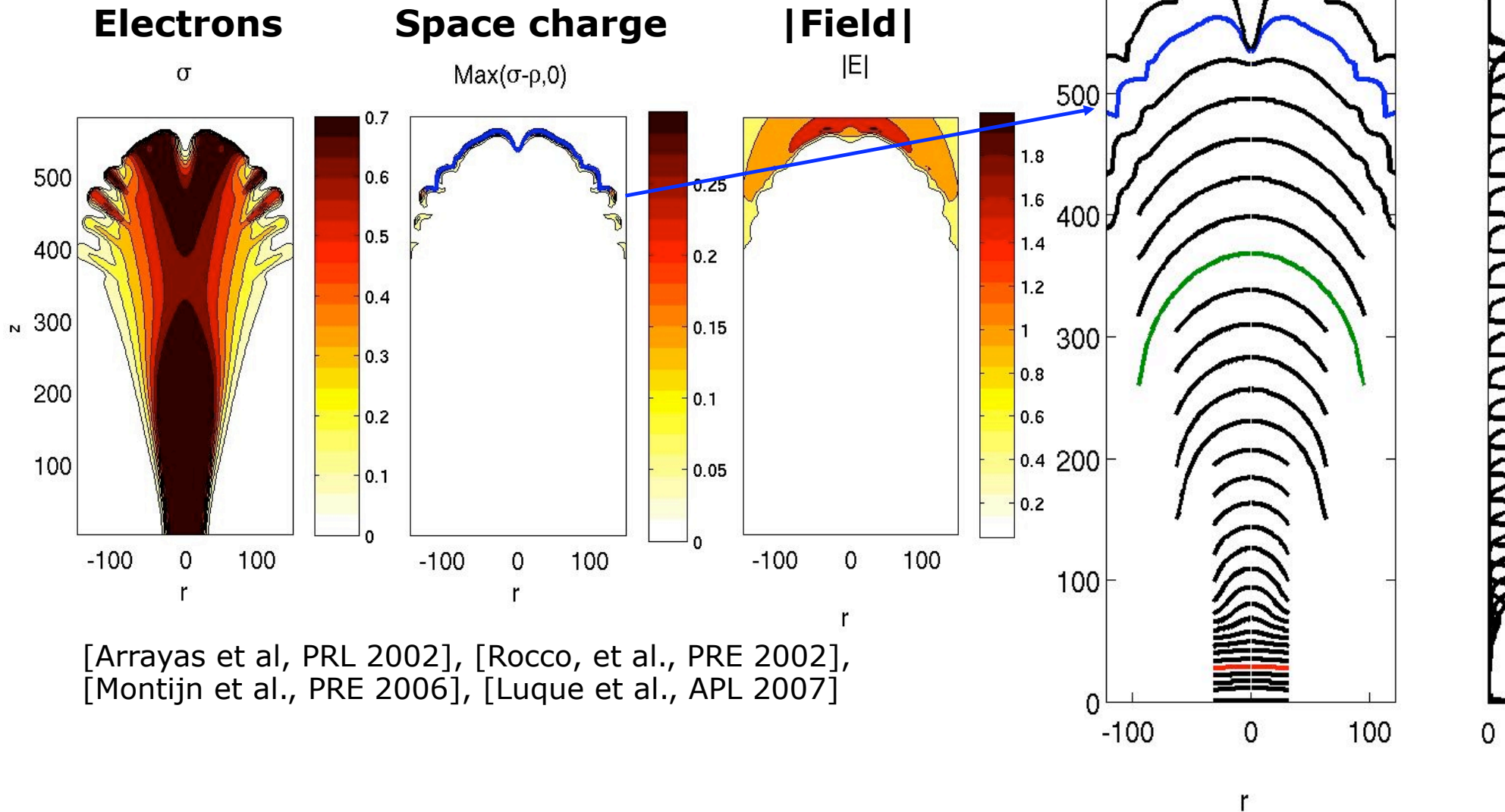
Negative streamer in strong field

Propagating streamer:



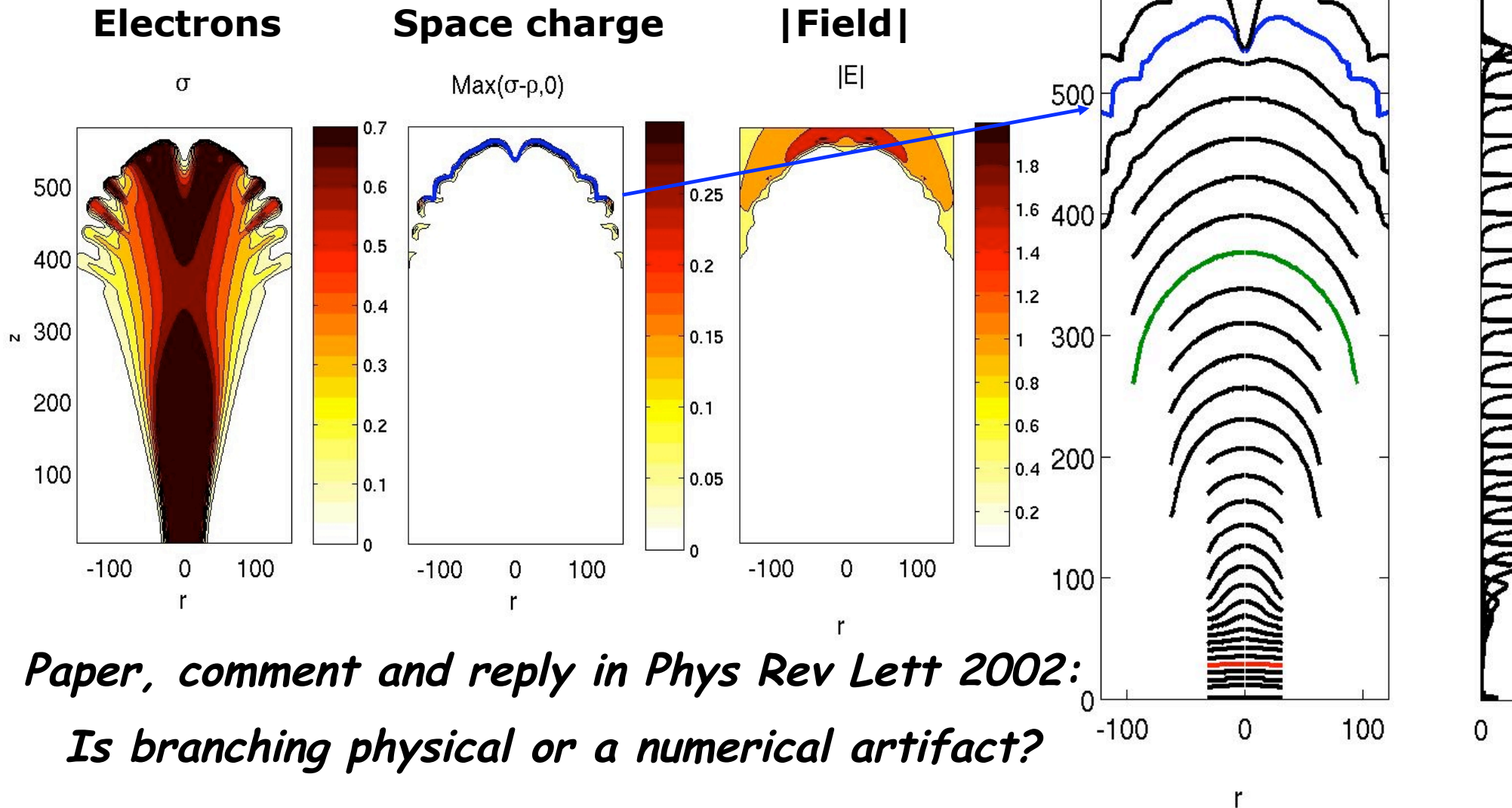
Negative streamer in strong field

Branching streamer:



Negative streamer in strong field

Branching streamer:



Thin layer with velocity

$$v = \frac{1}{4} \hat{z}; \quad E = r \hat{A}$$

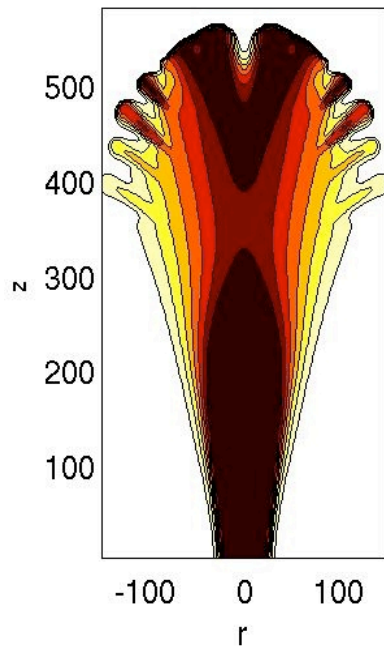
$$\hat{A} = \frac{1}{4} \text{const.}$$

$$r^2 \hat{A} = 0$$

|Field|
|E|

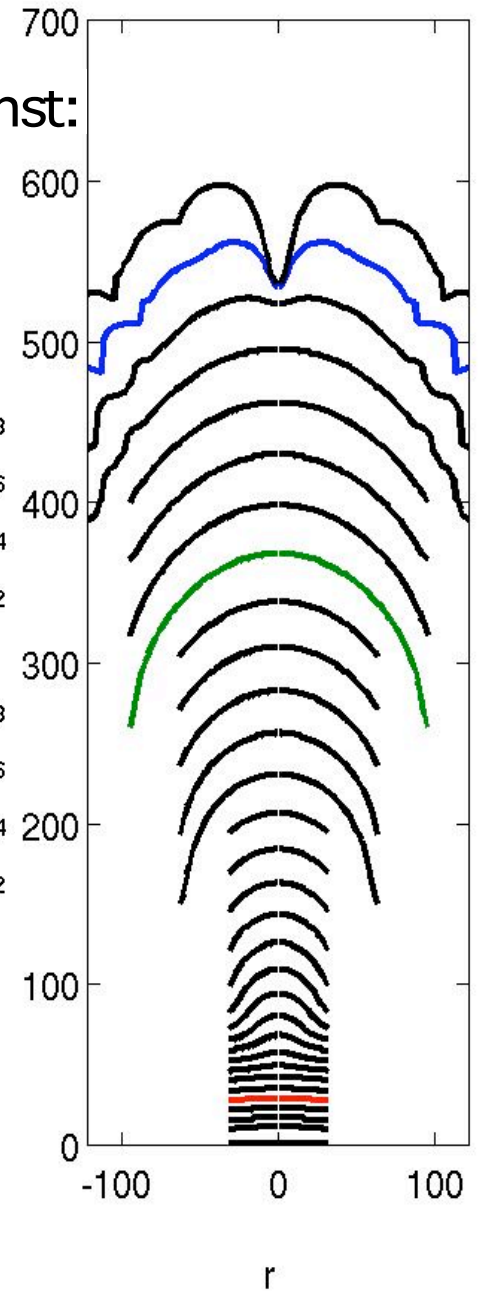
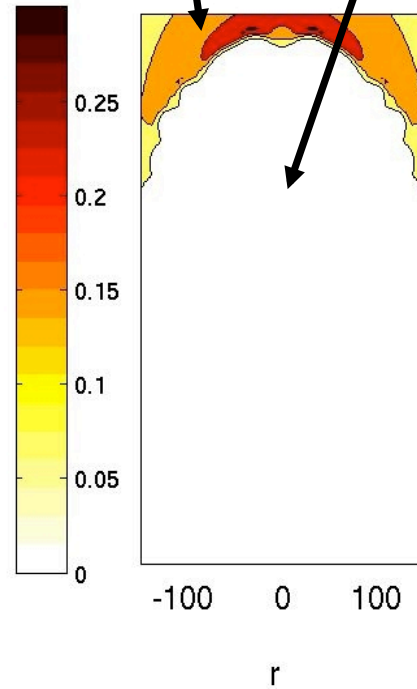
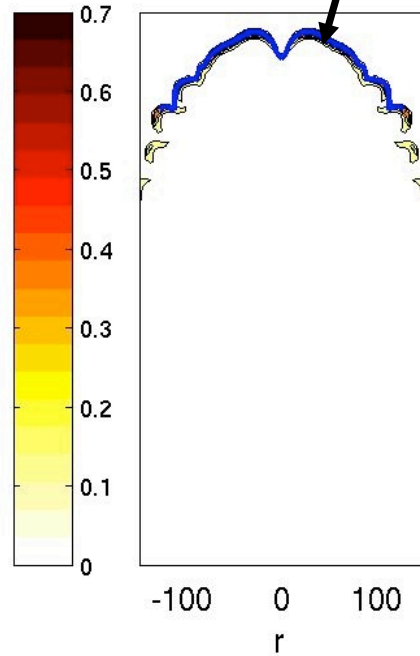
Electrons

σ



Space charge

$\text{Max}(\sigma - \rho, 0)$



**Ionization front approximated
by moving boundary:**

Generic dynamical solutions?

Can a finger split?

Conditions on Φ on
outer boundaries

$$\nabla^2 \phi^+ = 0$$

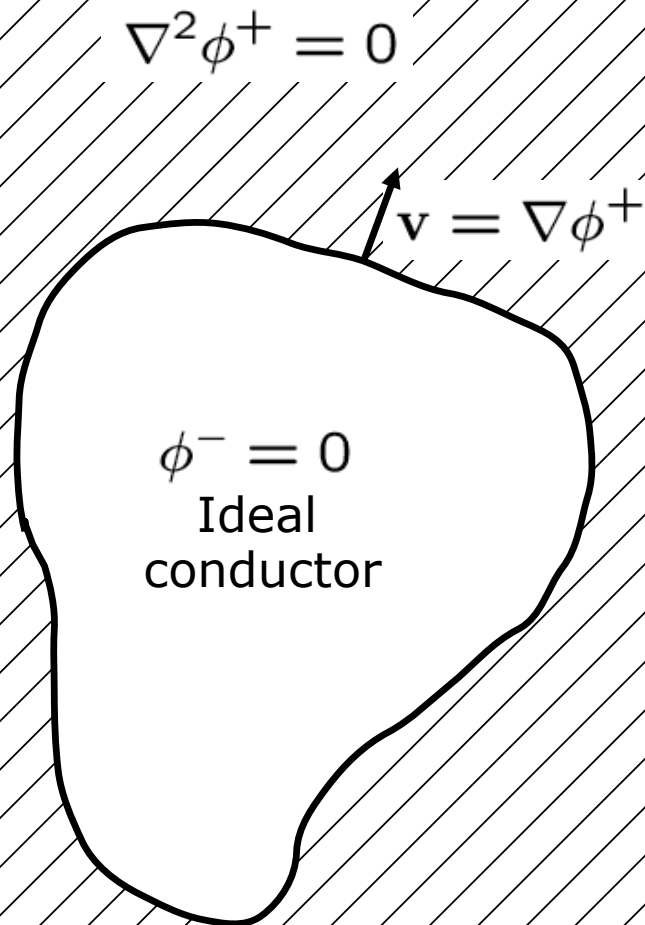
$$\mathbf{v} = \nabla \phi^+$$

$$\phi^- = 0$$

**Ideally
conducting
streamer**

[Lozansky, Firsov 1973]

Moving Ionization Boundaries



Boundary conditions:

1) simple:

$$\phi^+ - \phi^- = 0$$

nicely solvable, but ill posed

2) Hele-Shaw:

$$\phi^+ - \phi^- = \tau \kappa$$

regularized motion

3) **planar ionization fronts**
($D=0$):

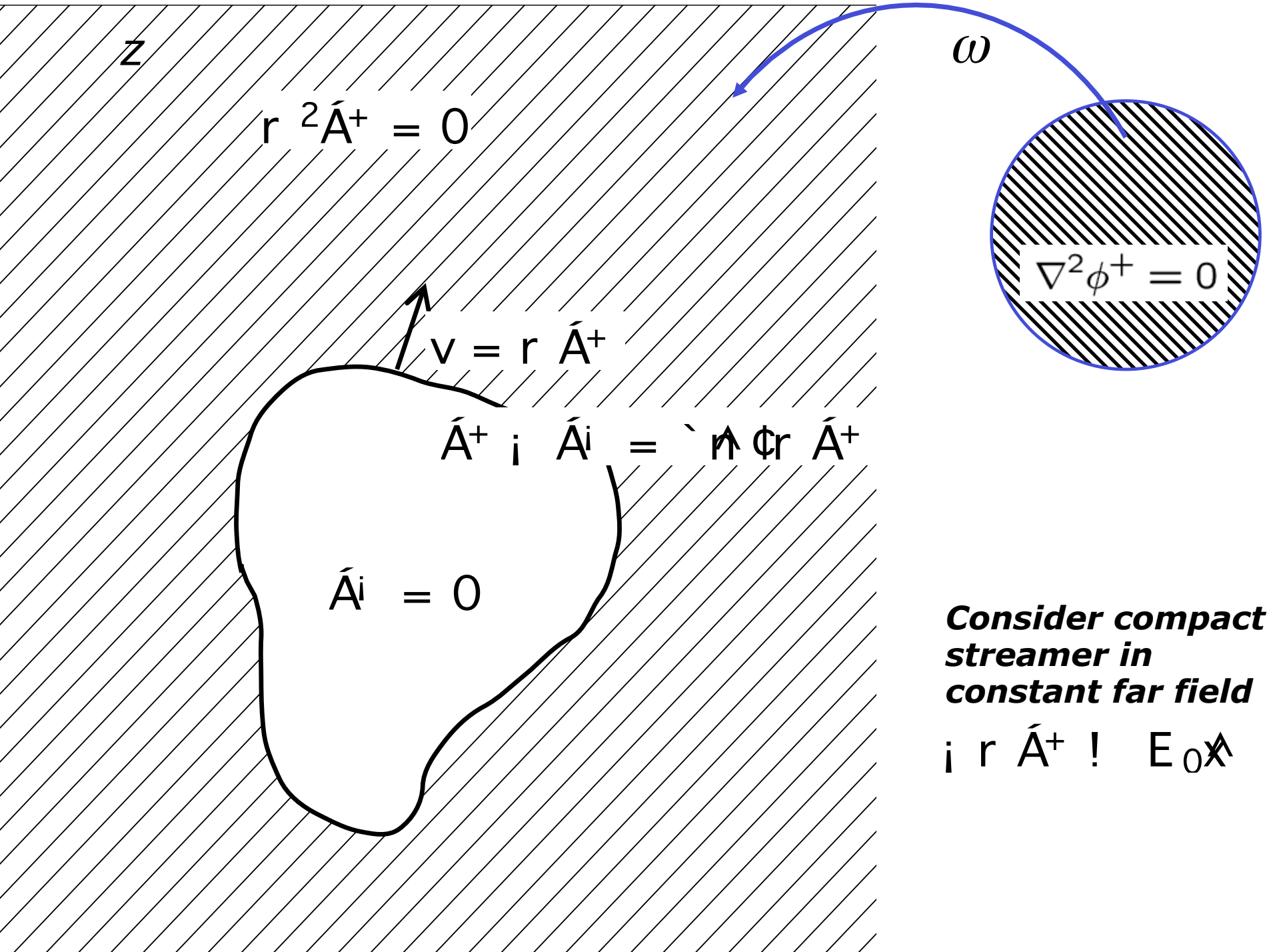
$$\phi^+ - \phi^- = \hat{\mathbf{n}} \cdot \nabla \phi^+$$

regularizing?

("kinetic undercooling")

Model derived and tested in
[Brau et al., PRE 2008]

2D - Conformal Mapping



z $i r \hat{A}^+ \quad E_0 \hat{A}$

$$r^2 \hat{A}^+ = 0$$

$v = r \hat{A}^+$

$$\hat{A}^+ ; \hat{A}^i = \hat{v} \cdot \hat{r} \hat{A}^+$$

$$\hat{A}^i = 0$$

Traveling waves/ uniformly translating solutions:

For $\hat{v} = 0$: All ellipses,
two parameter family.

For $\hat{v} > 0$: All circles,
one parameter family:
radius R .

Solutions characterized by

$$\hat{v}^2 = \hat{v} R;$$

E_0 can be scaled out.

$\epsilon=1$ unphysical, but special

Investigate **linear stability** of these solutions:

$$f(i; \lambda) = \frac{1}{i} + \lambda + \pm^{-}(i; \lambda);$$

$$\hat{C}(i; \lambda) = i \frac{1}{i} i \frac{1}{1 + \lambda^2} i + \pm \hat{A}(i; \lambda):$$

Impose and use that β and φ are analytical.

φ can be completely eliminated, β solves

$$L_2^- = 0;$$

$$L_2 = \frac{1}{2} \varphi (i^2 i - 1) \varphi + \lambda^2 \varphi \varphi + \varphi i \varphi :$$

For $\varepsilon=1$, the initial perturbation $\bar{v}(\phi, 0)$ defines the function

$$G(\phi) = (2 + \phi^2)^{-1/2} \bar{v}(\phi; 0);$$

and the general solution is

$$\bar{v}(\phi; \zeta) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{x dx}{(1+x^2)^2} G\left(\frac{x+T}{1+Tx}\right); \quad T = \tanh \frac{\zeta}{2};$$

For $\zeta \rightarrow 1$, the solution follows the universal slow manifold

$$\bar{v}(\phi; \zeta) \sim \frac{\zeta!}{1!} \left[\frac{G(1)}{2} + G^0(1) F(\phi) e^{\zeta} + O(\zeta^{-1}) e^{2\zeta} \right];$$

$$F(\phi) = 1 - \frac{4}{1} + \frac{4 \ln(1 + \phi)}{1^2};$$

[Meulenbroek, Ebert, Schäfer, Phys Rev Lett 2005, SIAP 2007]

Explicit eigenfunctions for $\epsilon=1$:

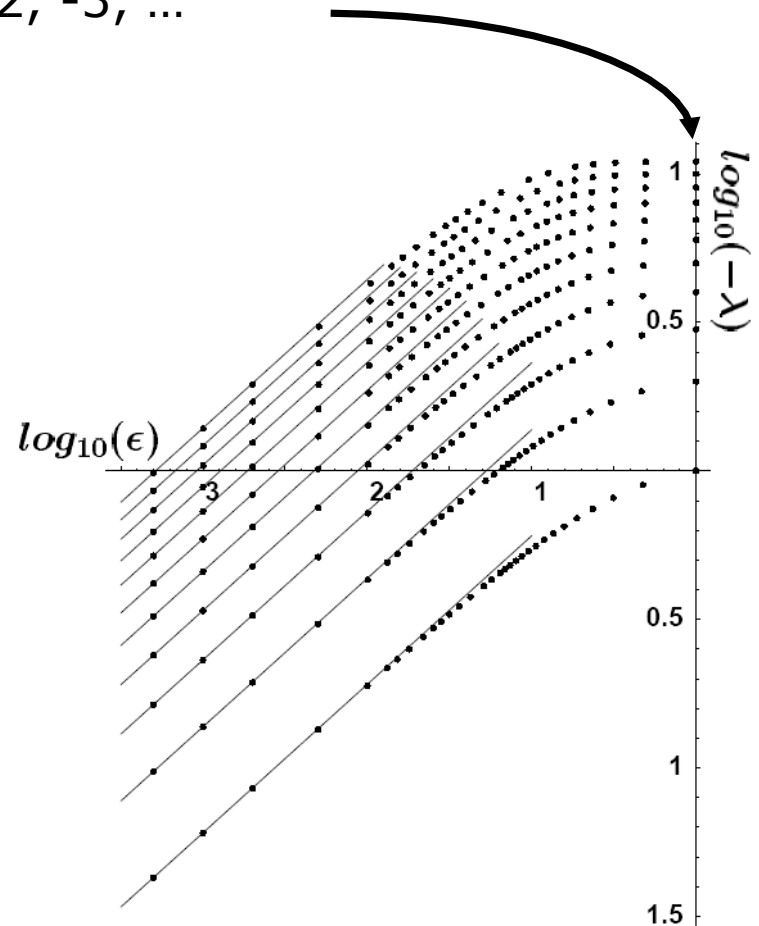
$$\psi_n(x) / e^{\lambda x} = \int_0^x \frac{x dx}{n!} \mu \frac{x+1}{x+1} \psi_n(x)$$

analytical except for $n=-1$ (on the back of the circle)
 for the discrete spectrum: $\lambda = 0, -1, -2, -3, \dots$

The behavior is generic for $\epsilon > 0$:

Discrete negative eigenvalues

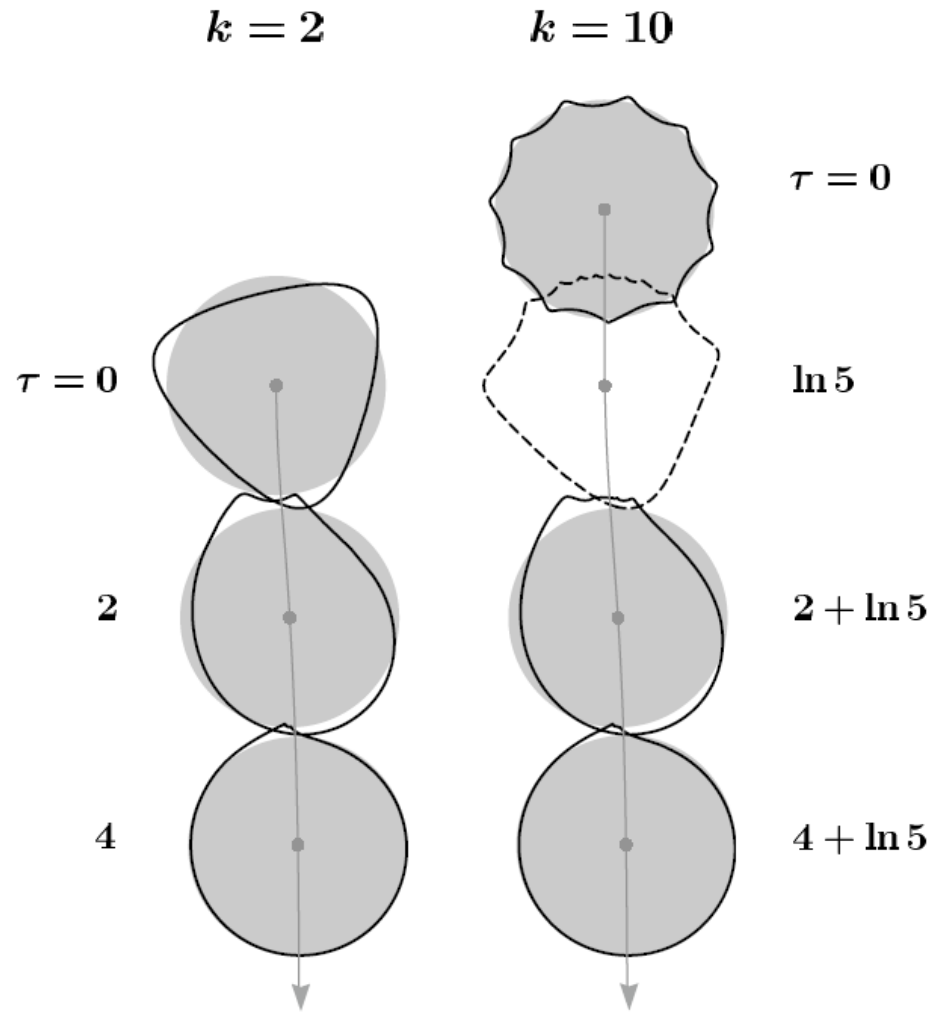
[Tanveer, Schäfer, Brau, Ebert, Physica D 2009].



Temporal evolution of linear perturbations:

Analytical solutions ($\varepsilon=1$):

Convection, universality for $\zeta \rightarrow 1$



[Ebert, Meulenbroek, Schäfer, SIAP 2007]

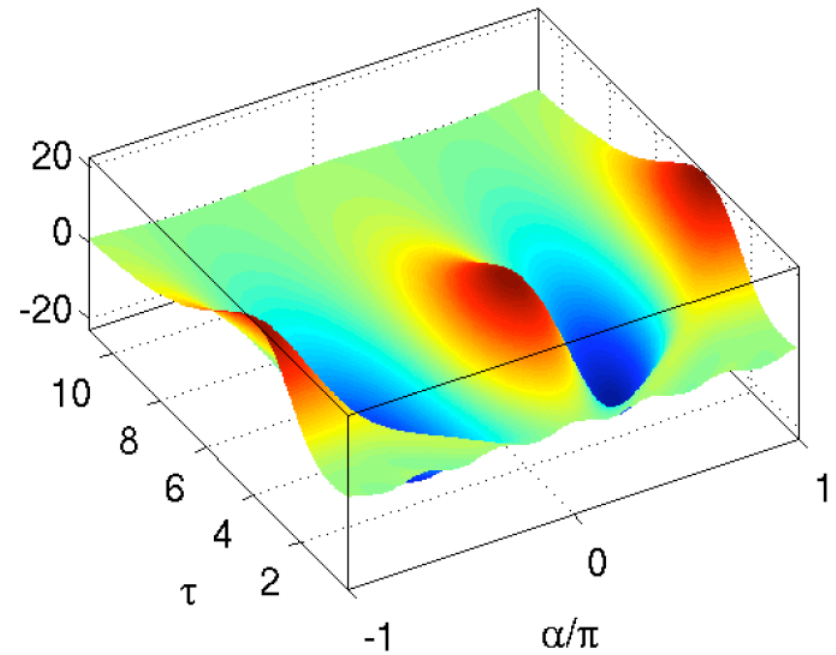
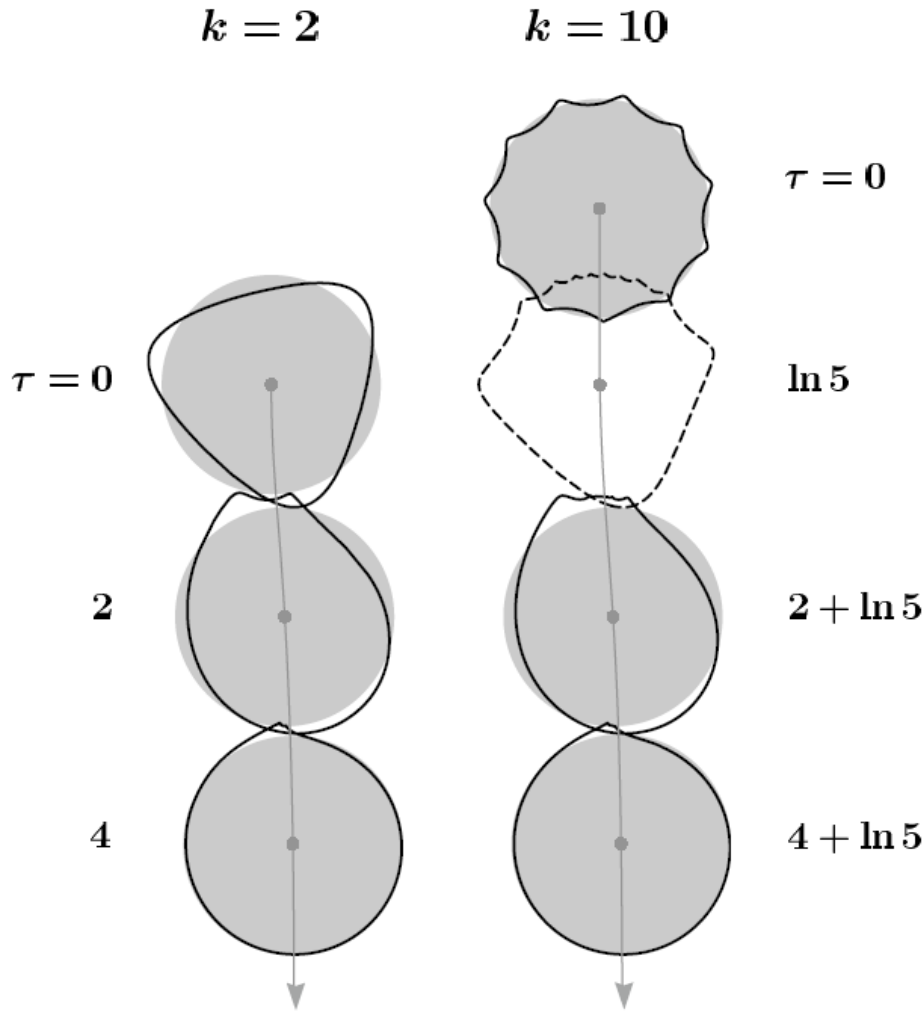
Temporal evolution of linear perturbations:

Analytical solutions ($\epsilon=1$):

Convection, universality for $\zeta \rightarrow 1$

Numerical solutions ($\epsilon=1/10$):

Growth on front half and convection



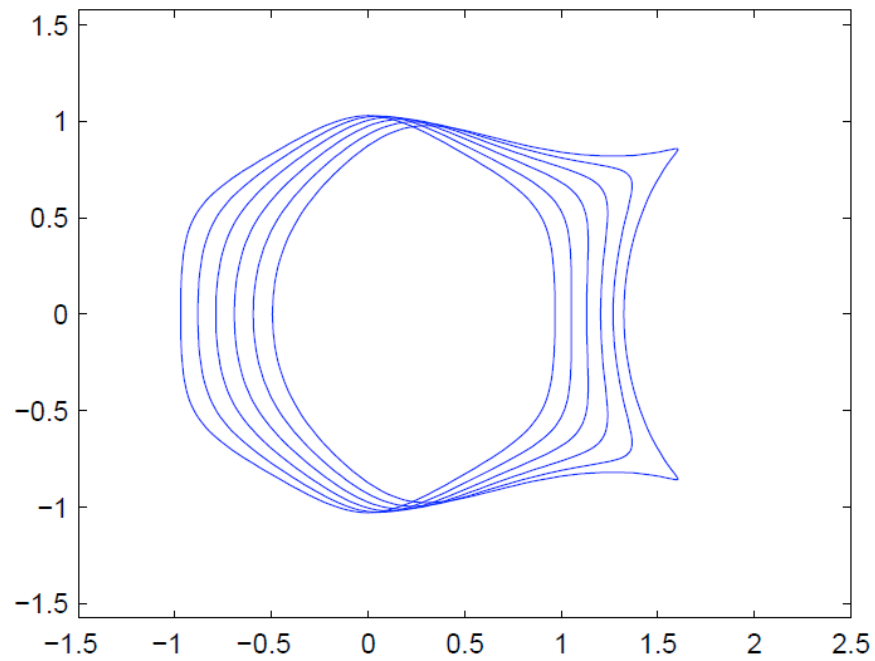
[Ebert, Meulenbroek, Schäfer, SIAP 2007]

[Kao, Brau, Ebert, Schäfer, Tanveer]

Finite perturbations

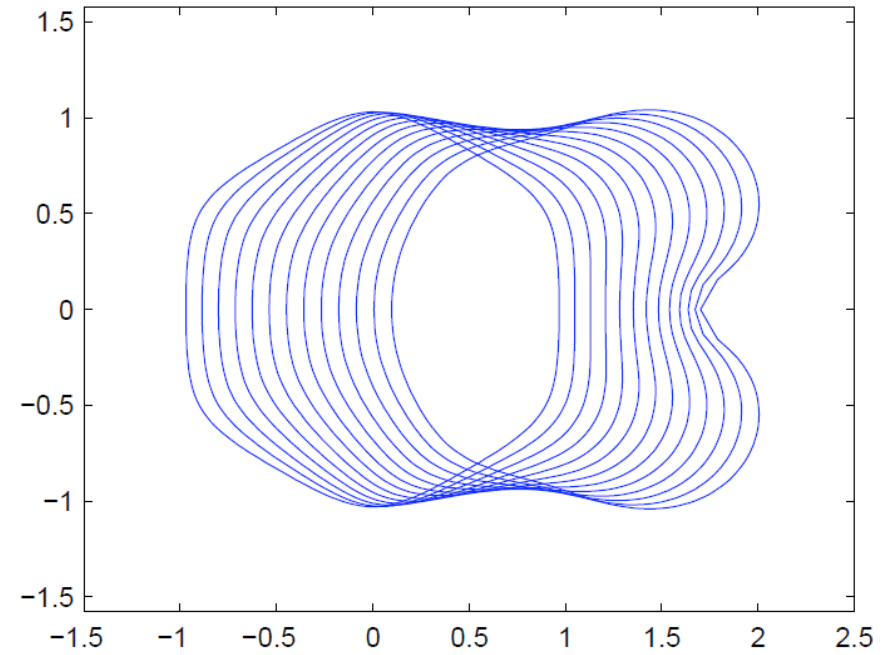
$\varepsilon=0$

Cusps



$\varepsilon=1/10$

Branching

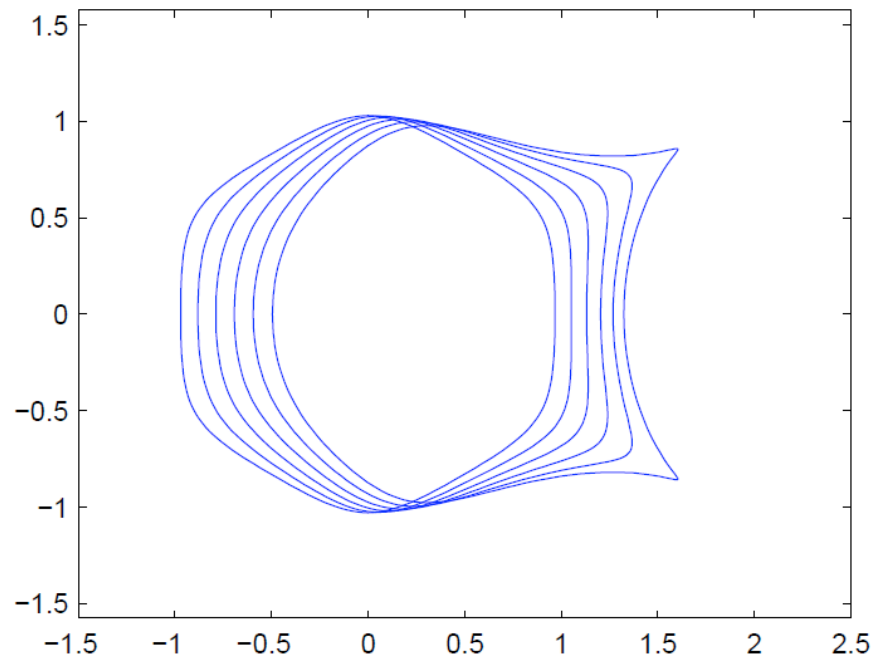


[Kao, Brau, Ebert, Schäfer, Tanveer, subm to Physica D]

Finite perturbations

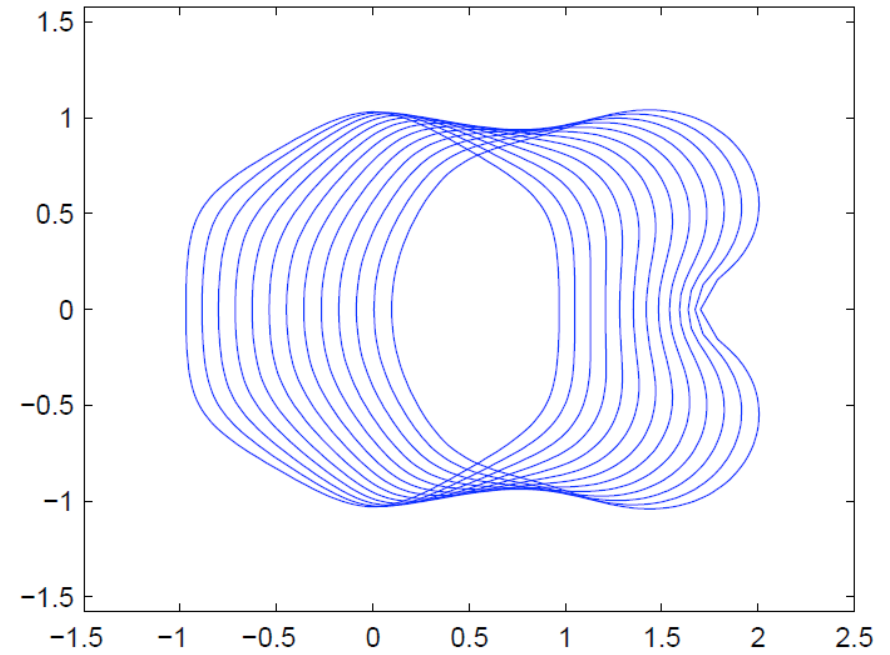
$\varepsilon=0$

Cusps



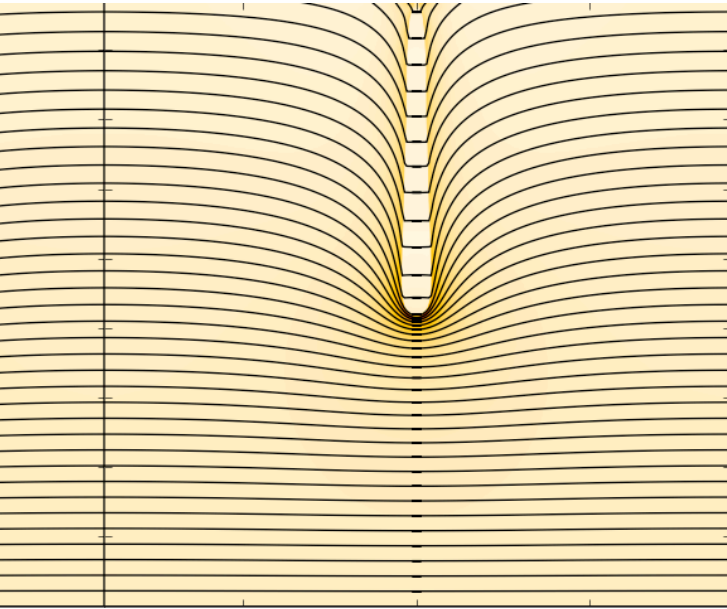
$\varepsilon=1/10$

Branching

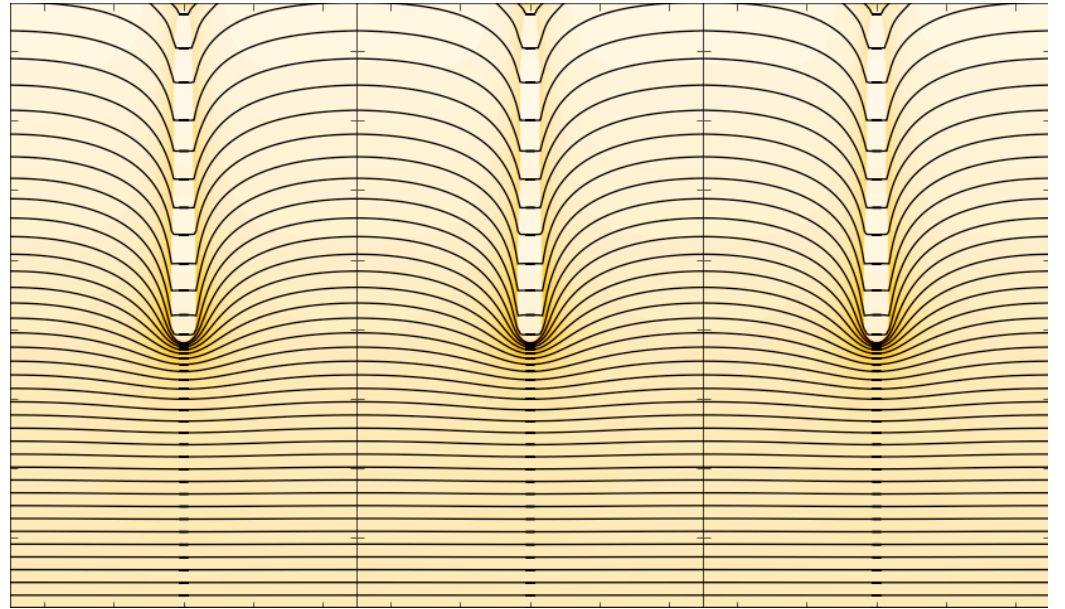


*Due to convection,
expect similar dynamics
at the tip of a finger.*

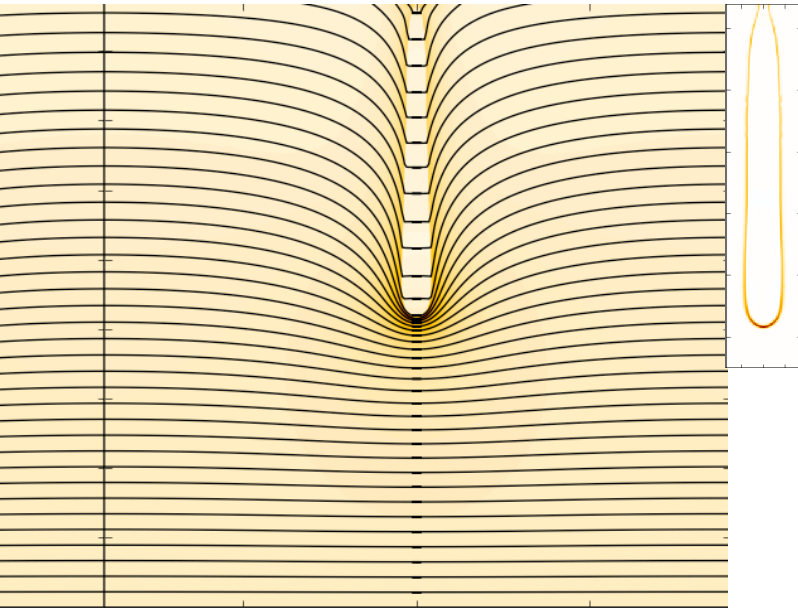
Single streamer



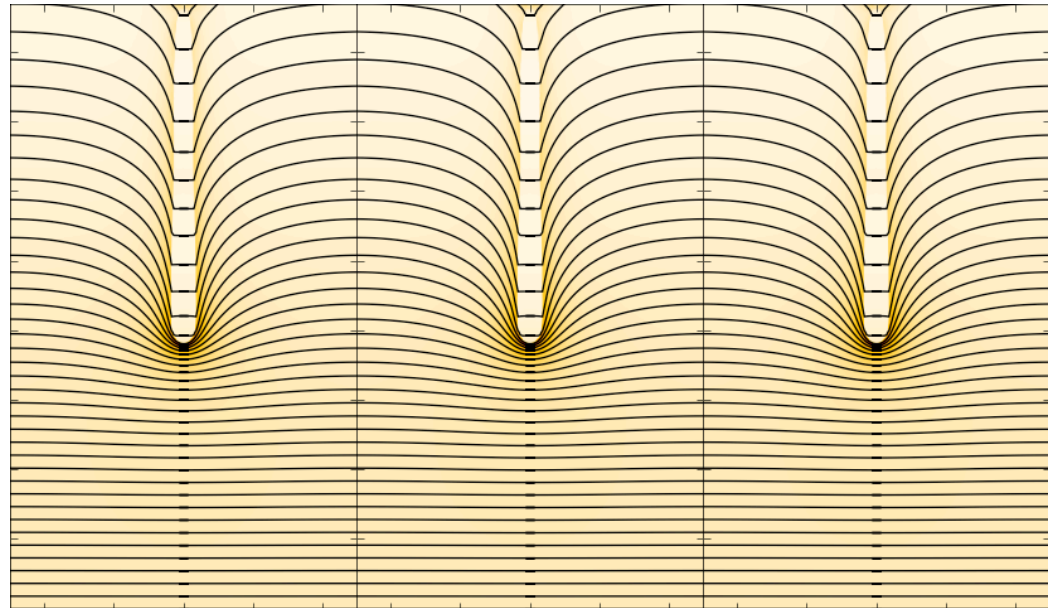
Streamers with electrostatic interaction



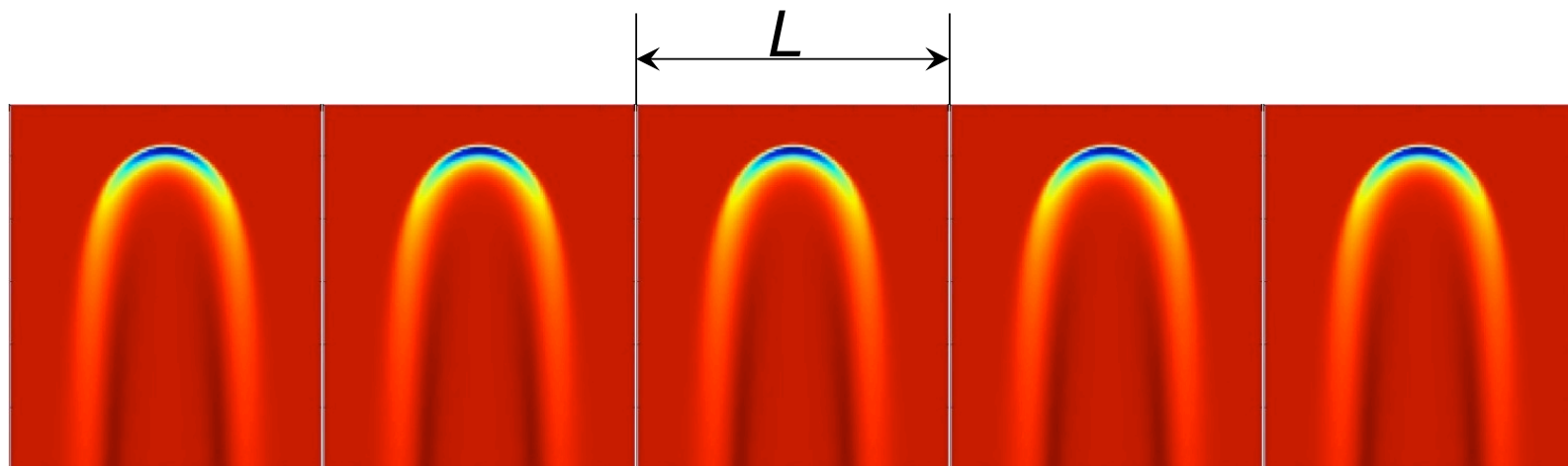
Single streamer



Streamers with electrostatic interaction

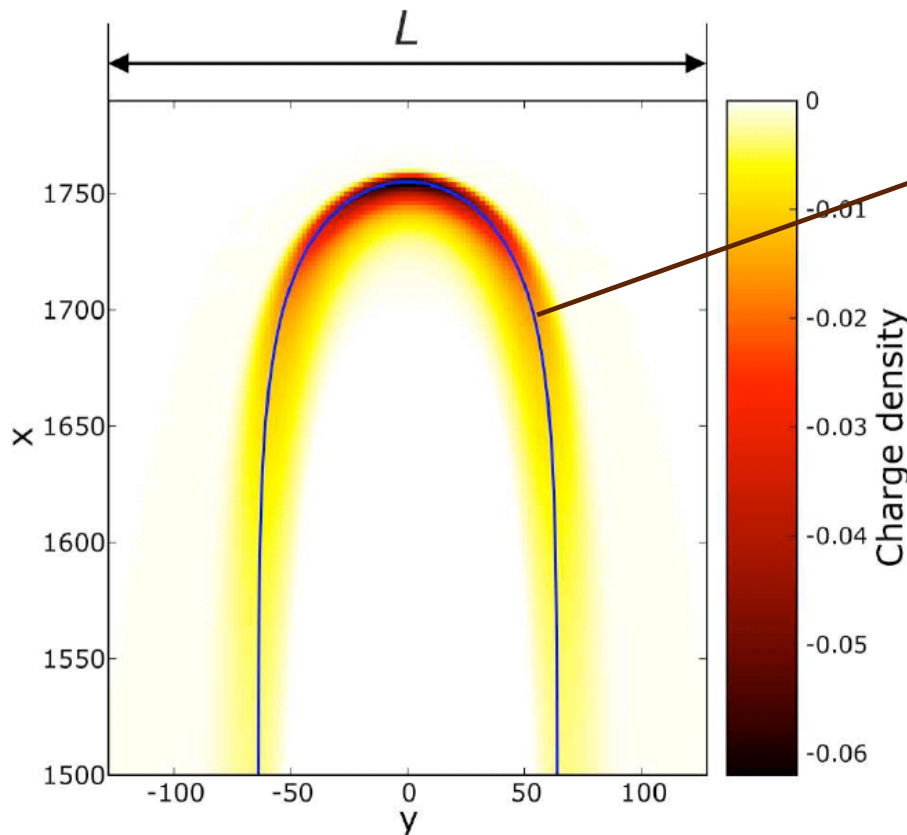
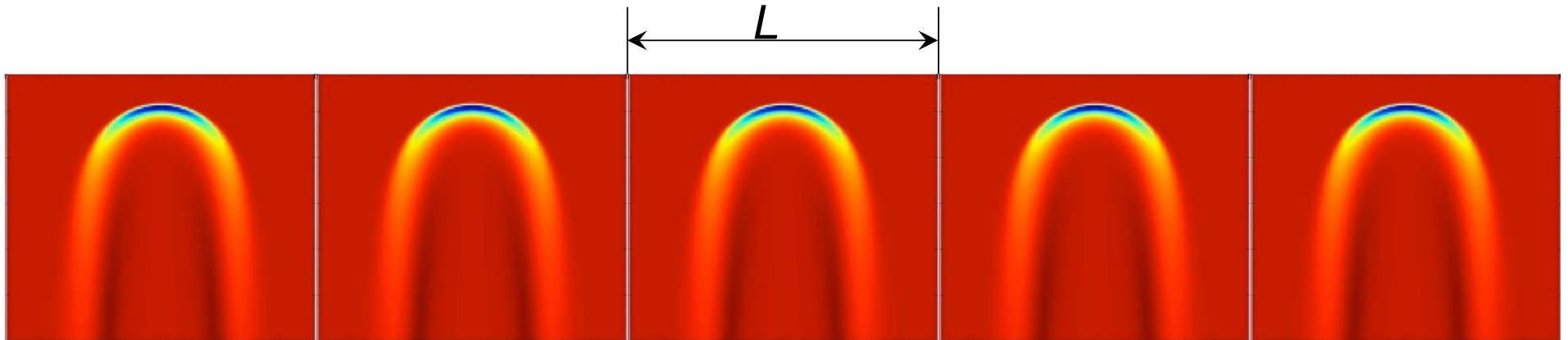


Extreme case: complete screening behind the group of heads



2D negative streamers [Luque, Brau, Ebert, Phys Rev E 2008]

An array of streamers (2D, PDE-model):



$$x = \frac{L(1 - \lambda)}{2\pi} \ln \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \cos \left(\frac{2\pi y}{\lambda L} \right) \right) \right]$$

Saffman-Taylor finger with $\lambda=1/2$!

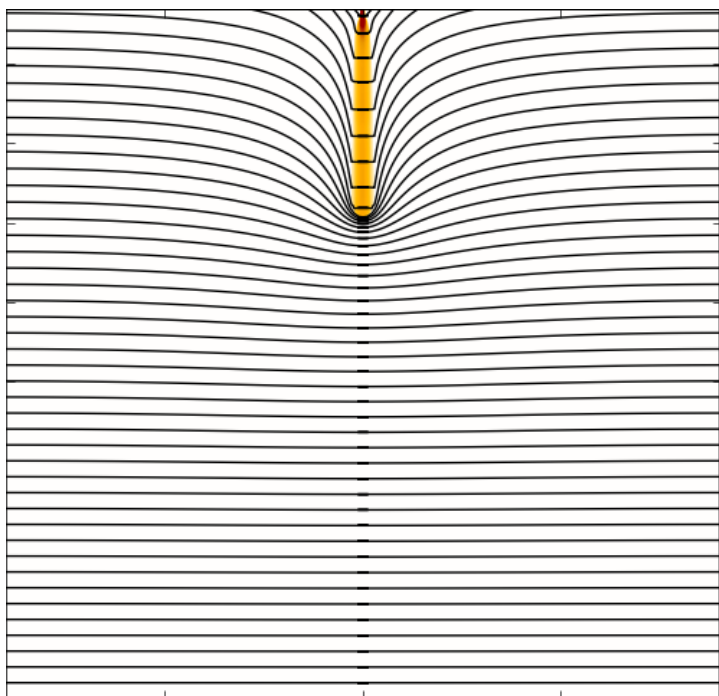
Mathematics of selection?

Prediction: field at streamer tip is enhanced by factor 2 in 2D!

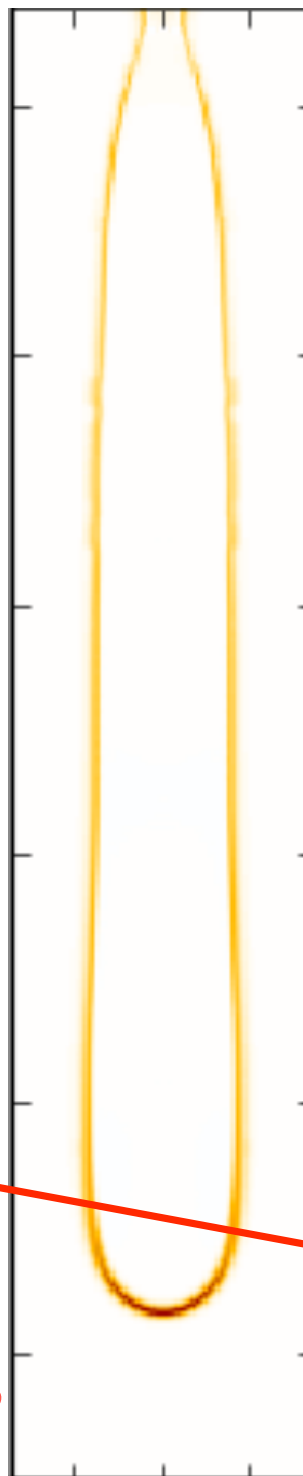
3D analogue?

[Luque, Brau et al., Phys Rev E 2008]

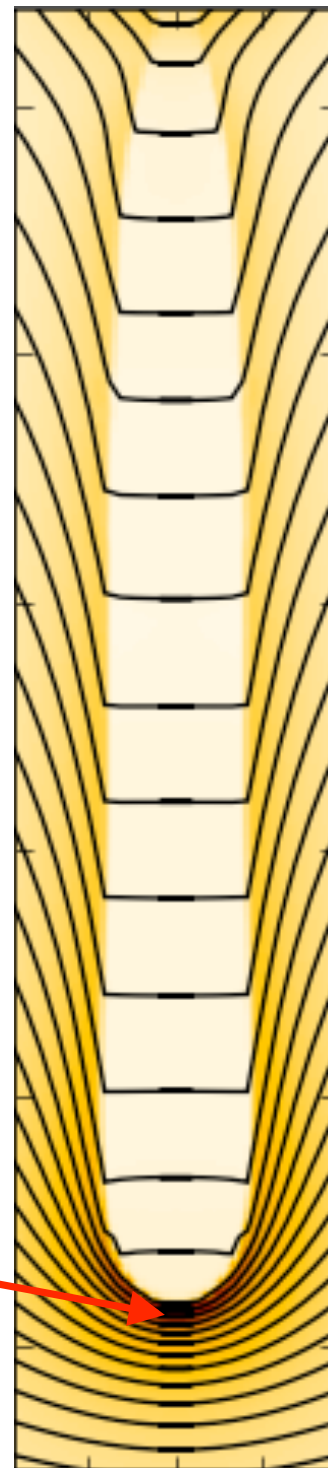
Positive streamer in air



$n_+ - n_e$



$|\mathbf{E}|$,
equi- ϕ



*Electron acceleration
in enhanced field
-> X-rays and
terrestrial gamma-rays?*

The multiple scales of lightning and a moving boundary problem

Ute Ebert^{1,2}, www.cwi.nl/~ebert

Theory:

¹ CWI Amsterdam (0.8)

Willem Hundsdorfer (staff)

Manuel Arrayas

Fabian Brau

Wouter Brok

Chao Li

Alejandro Luque

Bernard Meulenbroek

Carolynne Montijn

Margreet Nool

Valeria Ratushnaya

Andrea Rocco

Gideon Wormeester

and

Benny Davidovitch (U Mass)

Gianne Derks (Surrey, UK)

Chiu-Yen Kao (Ohio)

Sergey Pancheshnyi (Toulouse)

Wim van Saarloos (Leiden)

Lothar Schäfer (Essen-Duisburg)

Davis Sentman (Fairbanks, Alaska)

Saleh Tanveer (Ohio)

Yoav Yair (Tel Aviv)

Experiment:

² Eindhoven Univ. Tech. (0.2)

Eddie van Veldhuizen (staff)

Tanja Briels

Sander Nijdam

Hans Winands

Vuong Nguyen

van Deursen (staff)

+ many collaborations
in applied physics and
electrical engineering

Lex

Altitude
(km)

85

35